THE WEATHER.

Fair and colder with a cold wave Saturday. Sunday fair with rising temperature.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

GOODS well bought, well advertised and in any sort of public demand are as good as sold. Better advertise them to create the demand.

VOL. XCVII--NO. 147 WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 19, 1916 WHOLE NUMBER 39,508

DEMAND MADE FOR INVESTIGATION OF AVIATION SERVICE

Senator Robinson Makes Sensational Charges Before Military Committee

ATTACKS COL. REBER

Charges Head of the Service With Deliberately Suppressing the Facts.

Washington, Feb. 18.—Sensational charges against the army aviation service, with a demand for immediate investigation by Congress, were made today before the Senate Military committee by Senator Robinson, of Arkansas. He declared that the service was "contemptibly inefficient" and that its head, Lieut. Col. Samuel Reber, not only was making no effort to improve it, but deliberately was preventing the facts from reaching his superiors.

The senator appeared before the committee with a mass of data, including photographic copies of letters which he said had been exchanged between Colonel Reber and Capt. Arthur S. Cowan, commanding the aviation station at San Diego. At least part of this evidence was produced before the court martial at San Francisco which recently tried Lieut. Col. Lewis E. Goodier, judge advocate general of the Western Department, accused of improperly altering certain charges filed by other officers against Captain Cowan.

The findings of this court now are in the hands of a special commission of army officers, appointed by the acting Secretary of War, to make a report to President Wilson.

Senator Robinson read liberal excerpts from his photographs of letters, and quoted Captain Cowan as writing to Colonel Reber that if the service ever came under investigation by any one outside the signal corps it would be impossible to explain the "rotten way in which the work has been handled." Other letters were produced to show that favoritism was practiced in the promotion of men in the service.

Congressmen Treated With Deceit.

The senator charged that Colonel Reber prompted Captain Cowan to practice "contemptible deceit" toward congressmen who visited the aviation station and that he attempted to get into the annual appropriation bill in connection with the item for the purchase of airships a provision for the purchase of "accessories" with which to buy automobiles. He said the colonel wrote that "the word 'accessories' will be like charity, and cover a multitude of sins." Another letter on which the Senator dwelt instructs Captain Cowan to have prepared designs for sheets to be placed under the seats of aviators "so we can say we have armored aeroplanes."

The committee will act on Monday on Senator Robinson's resolution for an investigation. Senator Chamberlain, the chairman, declared that the charges should be investigated and expressed the opinion that the committee would order promptly a favorable report on the resolution. Some of the committeemen suggested that an investigating committee might go to San Diego.

Colonel Reber is stationed in the office of the chief signal officer at the War Department and has direct charge of the aviation branch of the corps.

A letter presented to the committee which purported to be from Colonel Reber to Captain Cowan under date of June 2, 1915, read:

Drawings for "Armored" Aeroplanes.

"I wish you would have your engineering department get me out some drawings for the size of sheets to be placed under the seats of aviators for alleged armor protection. I will have several of these plates made so we can say we have armored aeroplanes, not that I think it vitally essential, but in order that we can meet any charge that our machines are not armored."

Under date of April 10, 1914, Senator Robinson said Captain Cowan wrote Colonel Reber:

"Frankly, I don't want to put down in black and white over my signature my opinion about the way the signal service has handled this work. When I think of all the mistakes that have been made while I have had charge of this end of the work it just makes me sick. If I had known as much about this work six months ago as I know now I am convinced that I could have saved this whole unfortunate situation. * * * I don't know very much about how this work should be done."

Colonel Reber wrote July 21, 1914, to Captain Cowan, Senator Robinson said, as follows:

"We have until the 18th of September to qualify these men and get them in without having them detailed as students. All you have to do is to sit tight and draw your pay."

Senator Robinson introduced a letter dated March 23, 1915, just prior to the occasion when a large number of congressmen, including himself, visited the aviation section near San Diego. This purported to be from Colonel Rebel to Captain Cowan and read:

"It is a good thing for the aviation section for you to put on your company manners, and show off when members of Congress turn up. You can give them rides, get them interested as much as you can, but positively decline to give their wives, sweethearts or others joy rides in the air, stating that you did this once and the

(Continued on Page Eight.)

MAJORITY OF TURKS MAY HAVE ESCAPED

From Erzerum Garrison When Taken by Russians.

KILL MANY ARMENIANS

Thousands Are Reported Massacred By Kurds Before Evacuation of City—Kavaya in Albania Taken by Austrians.

While full details of the capture of Erzerum, Turkish Armenia, are still lacking, semi-official advices from Petrograd are to the effect that most of the Turkish garrison made their escape. Thousands of Armenians are declared to have been massacred by Kurds before evacuation.

There has been considerable artillery activity around the positions taken by the Germans recently from the British in the vicinity of Ypres and several attempts by the British to re-capture their lost ground with heavy casualties. With the exception of a French assault against the Germans south of the Somme, which Berlin also declares was put down, the artillery of both sides has been the sole instrument of warfare along the French front.

The Austrians and Italians at various points are still engaged in artillery duels and occasional infantry manouvers, but no notable victories have been won by either side. Vienna reports less activity than usual on the part of the Italian guns.

In Albania, the Austro-Hungarians, reinforced by Albanians, presumably irregulars, have occupied Kavayn, which lies eight miles southwest of Durazzo and three miles from the Adriatic sea. By the capture of this town it would seem that the Teutons nearly have Durazzo surrounded. The gendarmes of Essad Pasha, provisional president of Albania, who defended Kavaya, made their escape from the town and fled on a ship in the Adriatic.

Essad Pasha has been deprived of his rank and moved from the Turkish list for having assumed the leadership of the provisional government of Albania and joined the ranks of the Entente Allies.

AUSTRIANS TAKE KAVAYA.

Forces Reinforced by Albanians, According to Official Report.

Berlin, Feb. 18 (by Wireless to Sayville)—The capture of Kavaya, Albania, eight miles southwest of Durazzo, capital of Albania, by Austro-Hungarian troops, assisted by Albanians, is announced in the official report of Austro-Hungarian headquarters, received here today. The report follows:

"Austro-Hungarian troops, reinforced by Albanians, have occupied Kavaya. The garrison there was composed of Essad Pasha's gendarmes who escaped on board a ship.

"On the Italian front teh artillery in general has been less active. Malborgeth again has been shelled by the enemy.

"While cleaning up the foreground

(Continued on Page Eight.)

GERMAN INTENTION UNDER HEAVY FIRE

Republicans Denounce Policy Regarding Armed Ships

DISCUSSION IN SENATE

Chairman Stone Announces He Will Discuss Submarine Situation Next Week and Criticise Root's Attack on Administration.

Washington, Feb. 18.—Germany's announced intention of destroying without warning armed merchant ships of her enemies was scathingly denounced in the Senate today by Republican senators, who declared that for the United States to acquiese in such a practice would be humiliating and a step toward war.

Senator Lodge, ranking minority member of the Foreign Relations committee, started the discussion by reviewing international law relating to the arming of merchantment for defense, and declaring it was inconceivable that the United States at this time would abandon a principal for which it always had stood. Such a step, he insisted, would be an unneutral act and virtually would make the United States an ally of the nation whose commerce had been swept from the seas. Senator Sterling followed with a speech assailing Germany, and charging that the American government in its recent memorandum to the Entente Allies sugesting the disarming of merchantmen had put forward a dangerous principle and had encouraged, if not invited, the action of Germany.

Senator Thomas read into the record today's news dispatches announcing that the State Department regarded Germany's notice regarding armed ships as inconsistent with previous assurances as to the conduct of submarine warfare, and would accept nothing in the pending controversy with the Teutonic power short of a full and complete agreement to the high principles for which the American government has contended.

To Discuss Submarine Question.

Senator Stone, chairman of the Foreign Relations committee, gave notice later that he would discuss the submarine situation next week and would take occasion to criticise a recent speech by Elihu Root on the administration's foreign policy.

"There can be no question that any act by a neutral warship alters conditions created by the war as an unneutral act and places the neutral upon the side of one belligerent or the other," said Senator Lodge, after he had reviewed the international situation at length.

"This is eminently true of any form of embargo, and there is no need that I should repeat the unanswerable argument on this point embodied by Mr. Lansing in his note of last August to the government of Austria-Hungary. The war and the ware alone, has also created conditions under which any change at this time in the attitude which we took officially at the outset of the war in regard to armed merchantmen would be an unneutral act.

(Continued on Page Eight.)

TREATY FOR CANAL ROUTE IS RATIFIED

Provides for Payment of $3,000,000 to Nicaragua

SENATE VOTED 55 TO 18

Provisions for Naval Base in Gulf of Fonseca Also in the Agreement. Early Ratification by Nicaragua is Expected.

Washington, Feb. 18.—The Senate late today by a vote of 55 to 18 ratified the long pending and persistently opposed Nicaraguan treaty whereby the United States would acquire a 99-year option on the Nicaraguan canal route and a naval base in the Gulf of Fonseca for $3,000,000. Included in the ratification resolution was a provision declaring that the United States in obtaining the naval base does not intend to violate any existing rights in the Fonseca Gulf of Costa Rica, Honduras and Salvador, which had protested against the proposed acquirement.

Five Democratic Senators voted against the treaty. They were Chamberlain, Martine, Clarke, of Arkansas; Thomas and Vardaman. Fifteen Republican senators joined the administration forces in support of the treaty.

Immediately after the Senate had acted, Senor Chammoro, the Nicaraguan minister, said he would at once communicate with his government and that he expected ratification of the convention by his government would soon follow and exchanges made to put the treaty in force.

Provisions of the treaty, which has been pending before the Senate for more than two years, are as follows:

Provisions of Treaty.

"Article I. The government of Nicaragua grants in perpetuity to the government of the United States forever free from all taxation or other public charge, the exclusive proprietary rights necessary and convenient for the construction, operation and maintenance of an inter-oceanic canal by way of the San Juan river and the Great Lake of Nicaragua or by way of any route over Nicaraguan territory and details of the terms upon which such a canal shall be constructed, operated and maintained to be agreed to by the two governments whenever the government of the United States shall notify the government of Nicaragua of its desire or intention to construct such canal.

"Article II. To enable the government of the United States to protect the Panama Canal and the proprietary rights granted to the government of the United States by the foregoing article and also to enable the government of the United States to take any measure necessary to the ends contemplated herein, the government of Nicaragua hereby releases for a term of 99 years to the government of the United States the islands in the Caribbean Sea, known as Great Corn Island and Little Corn Island, and the government of Nicaragua further grants to the government of the United States for a like period of 99 years the right to establish, operate and maintain a naval base at such place on the territory of Nicaragua bordering upon the Gulf of Fonseca as the government of the United States may select. The government of the United States shall have the option of renewing for a further term of 99 years the above leases and grants upon the expiration of their respective terms, it being expressly agreed that the territory hereby leased and the naval base which may be maintained under the grant aforesaid shall be subject exclusively to the laws and sovereign authority of the United States during the terms of such lease and grant and of any renewals thereof.

"Article III. In consideration of the foregoing stipulation and for the purposes contemplated by the convention and for the purpose of reducing the present indebtedness of Nicaragua the government of the United States shall, upon the date of the exchange of ratification of this convention, pay for the

(Continued on Page Two.)

THE DAY IN CONGRESS

SENATE.

Met at 10:30 a. m.

Senator Sterling spoke on his resolution pertaining to German admiralty's order to sink armed merchant ships of belligerents.

Senator Lodge in speech declared abandonment by the United States of the principle that its ports were open to and its citizens free to travel on armed belligerent merchantment would be unneutral.

Considered Nicaraguan treaty in executive session.

Brandeis' nomination investigating committee adjourned to February 24 because of lack of witnesses.

International Harvester Company was charged with furnishing arms to Mexican revolutionists at Agriculture committees' sisal investigation.

Senator Robinson presented to Military committee officers' letters which he declared proved the army aviation corps inefficient.

Ratified 55 to 18 Nicaraguan treaty by which United States would acquire Nicaraguan canal route and naval base in Bay of Fonseca for $3,000,000.

Adjourned at 6:05 p. m. until noon Saturday.

HOUSE.

Met at noon.

Continued general debate on postoffice appropriation bill.

Captain McKean told the naval committee the navy's war plans are kept well up to date and he saw no need of a general staff.

Adjourned at 5:15 p. m. until Saturday.

OUR NAVY FOURTH SAYS CAPT. M'KEAN

Is Doubled by the Austro-German Combination

IS FAR UNDER BRITISH

Facts Reveal French Navy is 15 to 25 Per Cent Stronger — Tillman Military Secret Bill Too Sweeping, Says Crozier.

Washington, Feb. 18.—The British navy today is approximately twice as strong as the combined fleets of Germany and Austria, while the Teutonic combination has just about doubled the sea fighting force of the United States, according to information in the possession of the Navy Department. The facts were disclosed to the House naval committee today by Captain Josiah McKean, of the staff of the chief of operations.

Captain McKean also said the French navy was from 15 to 25 per cent. stronger than the American, acording to latest information. He explained that these were rough estimates, and that charts showing the specific relations of the various navies would be submitted later by Rear Admiral Benson, the chief of operations.

Japanese Navy Some Weaker.

So far as is definitely known, the captain told the committee, the Japanese building programme adopted several years ago and which will not be completed for several years to come, provides for a modern fleet of eight dreadnaughts and eight battle cruisers. It was possible, he added, that additional building was in progress, as all nations, except the United States, has secret building policies, but on the strength of the known programme, Japan would have but sixteen capital ships when the 17 American dreadnaughts, built, building or authorized, were commissioned.

The witness disagreed with Rear Admiral Grant, chief of submarines, who preceded him, as to the advisability of abandoning the present smaller submarine types in favor of 800-ton boats. He believed thirty of the large boats should be attached to the fleets but that smaller ones should operate from shore bases.

Neither the Senate nor House military committee considered preparedness measures today, the House committee having decided to take up the work of drafting its federalised National Guard bill next Monday for continuous discussion until completed, while the Senate commitee was devoted to other questions temporarily.

Tillman Bill Too Sweeping.

The House committee received, however, a statement from Bigadier General William Crozier, chief of the army ordnance, giving his views on the Tillman bill to prohibit the disclosure of military secrets. As drawn, General Crozier said, the act was too sweeping and would forbid giving out information of any character whether confidential or not.

"I am familiar with the statement that our government has no military secrets, which is in great part true, although not absolutely so, since this department has a few," said the letter.

(Continued on Page Eight.)

RIOTOUS SCENES IN LEGISLATIVE HALL

Ink Wells and Paper Weights Used as Weapons

IN OKLAHOMA HOUSE

Dem'crats and Republicans Come to Personal Blows Over New Election Law Bill—One Republican Knocked Unconscious

Oklahoma City, Okla., Feb. 18.—Tumultuous scenes occurred in the Oklahoma house of representative late today while the members were voting on a section of an election law designed to take the place of the famous "grandfather law" which recently was declared unconstitutional by the United States Supreme Court because in effect it disenfranchised the negro population of the state.

Partisan feeling over the new measure culminated in a near riot precipitated by charges of corruption and the passing of the lie between members during which ink bottles and paper weights were used as weapons. Arthur H. Geissler, chairman of the Republican state central committee, was knocked down and rendered unconscious by Representative Loris E. Bryant, of Big Heart, Osage county.

Republican Chairman Starts Fight

The proposed law, the product of a Democratic caucus, has passed the Senate and was up for final passage in the House late today, with Republican and Socialist members offering vigorous opposition. Geissler was on the floor through the courtesy of a visitor's permit issued him as Republican state chairman.

Representative Paul Nesbitt, Democrat, of Pittsburgh county, had voted in favor of the proposed law and as he announced his vote, Representative Sams, Republican, taunted Nesbitt with being "unfair" to Republicans. Nesbitt replied that he was raised in a section where the Republicans had overridden him with corrupt practices, and that he had no desire to be fair to Republicans.

"They probably took you for the crook that you are," shouted Sams.

"If you make that charge, you are a liar," replied Nesbitt.

Sams arose in his seat, and shouted toward the Democratic side of the House: "Come on!"

Every Member to His Feet

In an instant every Democrat and Republican member of the House was on his feet. Ink bottles and paper weights were thrown back and forth. The Democratic members advanced through the aisles toward the Republican members. Speaker A. C. McCrorey left his chair and rushed out of the hall. The Democrats greatly outnumbered the Republican combatants and after a few volleys of ink wells, paper weights and books, the melee ended.

Representative Tom Hensley, Democrat, went to the side line and was engaged in conversation with Geissler. When Hensley walked away Bryant stepped up to Geissler and demanded:

"What right have you to be talking

(Continued on Page Two.)

AMERICA CONTENDS GUNS FOR DEFENSE ON SHIPS IS LEGAL

Representatives Abroad Notified of Position Taken by the Government

SHIPS MUST BE WARNED

Lengthy Negotiations With Central Powers Expected to be Opened Again

Washington, Feb. 18.—All American diplomatic and consular officials abroad have been notified by the State Department that the position of the United States is that merchant have a right to carry defensive armament. This is the first formal announcement that the United States does not accept as legal the announced intention of Germany and Austria to sink armed merchant ships without warning after February 29 as coming within international law.

It is expected here that Germany's response to the latest request of the United States for assurances that submarine warfare will be conducted in accordance with established principles of international law will be a flat statement that assurances previously given in the Lusitania and Arabic cases had to do only witr unarmed vessels, and that the German government must feel certain that its submarines which warn a merchant ship will not be attacked. Furthermore, the Berlin foreign office probably will ask the United States for its definition of defensive armament.

Leng'hy Negotiations to Follow.

Lengthy negotiations, it is considered certain, will begin with the Central Powers on this question when the reply is received to the message outlining the views of the United States which Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, has sent his government. The response is not expected until the last of next week.

Eleven days remain before German and Austrian submarine commanders begin to put into effect their new instructions, unless the date for the opening of the new campaign is postponed. While the United States is said to have asked for a postponement, the German ambassador is believed to have called the attention of his government to the fact that the complete appendix forming the base of the German declaration had not yet had time to reach the State Department and for this reason a postponement would not be surprising.

Officials also are awaiting copies of the confidential instructions to attack submarines the German government alleges have been given to the commanders of British ships, which because of their length, have been forwarded by mail.

Instructed to Resist Capture

It was stated in German circles tonight that evidence in their possession led to the conclusion that all British merchant ships with the possible exception of those in trans-Atlantic trade, had instruction to resist capture.

It was pointed out that the Clan McTavish, sunk by the raider Moewe, the captor of the liner Appam, had fought with the guns until she went down. It also was declared that aboard the Appam was found a document containing additions o he original confidential instructions "to all British born sea captains," and setting fort that "and submarine approaching a merchant vessel may be treated as hostile."

Secretary Lansing made it clear today that the defensively armed Italian ships which had been permitted to leave American ports under a temporary agreement did not establish any precedent.

President Wilson and his cabinet at their meeting today discussed at some length the question of armed merchant ships. It was understood it was agreed the United States must insist upon being given complete assurances that merchants ships, whether unarmed or armed for defensive purposes, will not be attacked without warning.

SWEDEN GIVES WARNING.

Advises Nationals Against Taking Passage on Armed Ships of Allies.

Washington, Feb. 18.—Sweden has informally advised the State Department that in consequence of the announced intention of Germany and Austria to sink armed merchantmen without warning after February 29, it will notify its nationals not to travel on such ships.

It was explained at the legation of Sweden here that there would be no general warning but that all Swedish consuls and legations throughout the world had been instructed to warn their subjects wherever it was known that they contemplated taking passage on armed ships of the Allies.

SENDS ANOTHER APPEAL

Mayor of Newellton, La., Says Conditions are Becoming Distressing.

Natchez, Miss., Feb. 18.—The Natchez relief committee tonight received another urgent appeal from Martin Jacoby, mayor of Newellton, La., for aid for the flood sufferers in and near that town. Mayor Jacoby said conditions were becoming distressing and "that there appeared to be little hope for relief from the government."

"We need a hundred tents to shelter the refugees on the levee near here," the appeal stated, "and we need rations for 3,000 people who are destitute and have little to eat. The situation is growing worse daily and the marooned people are suffering greatly. Will appreciate any help."

SUPPORTERS OF CHILD LABOR LAWS TESTIFY

W. H. Swift Appears Before Senate Committee.

Refers to "Mill Secretary" as Being a Father Who Idles Away His Time and Draws the Wages Earned by His Children.

Washington, Feb. 18.—Advocates of child labor legislation had a hearing today before the Senate committee considering the Keating-Owen bill, which would bar child labor products from interstate commerce, W. H. Swift, of Greensboro, N. C., an agent of the child labor committee of North Carolina, described what he termed a "mill secretary" as a development of child labor.

He said a "mill secretary" was a father, in most cases a farmer, who, with several children old enough to work in the cotton mills, idled his time about home and collected from the mills the wages earned by his sons and daughters. The term and the species, he said, had become a familiar one in many cotton mill towns.

"They are losing caste within the last year or so, however," he declared, "and could be made to disappear altogether with some alternations and the enforcement of the vagrancy laws."

Swift told of having visited recently 16 mills in which 5,000 persons were employed. Of these 238 were children between the ages of 12 and 13; 53 were children of widows, 18 children of disabled parents, and seven orphans.

Swift told of a series of questions submitted to physicians in his state. To the inquiry "is it probable that factory labor is injurious to children under 14 years?" 290 answered in the affirmative and 16 in the negative, he declared. Two hundred and sixty-four declared such labor would be more injurious to girls than to boys, while 45 thought it would not be. There was further wide expressions from the doctors, he said, in favor of laws restricting the employment and hours of children and for the enforcement of present regulations.

(Continued on Page Eight.)

MARRIAGE CONSIDERED LUXURY FOR THE RICH

In Many Parts of the Latin-American Countries

Some of the Lower Classes Rarely Ever Wed, Says Report on Church Work—Congress on Christian Work to End Today

Panama, Feb. 18.—The Congress on Christian Work in Latin-America today adopted resolutions calling for the organization of an enlarged committee on co-operation in Latin-America, which will have charge of missionary work in all countries south of the United States. The committee probably will have headquarters in New York.

Marriage is a luxury for the rich in many parts of Latin-America, according to the report of the commission on the church in the field presented today to the congress.

Peru, in particular, and its sister republics on the west coast of South America, are mentioned as countries where the rate of illegitimacy is appallingly high and the marriage tie but little regarded by the masses of the people.

"The marriage institution," says the report, "appears to be weaker on the west coast of South America than in any other Christian land, in the Mussulman countries or in the societies of India, Japan and China."

The Peruvian statician Fuentes is quoted as saying in respect to Lima: "A shocking proportion of the people avoid marriage and live in a complete libertinage, which increase as one descends in the social scale."

One missionary reported to the commission that in Peru "marriage is considered a luxury for the rich. Even civil marriage is costly. The poor regard each as unobtainable."

An American long resident in Bolivia reports that marriage is very rare among the lower classes of the population and that social standards are nonexistent. He also says that in Colombia and Ecuador the high cost of church marriages, eight dollars being the minimum fee, has added greatly to the prevalence of immorality. Most of the

(Continued on Page Eight.)

DISCUSS DETENTIONS OF MAIL IN ENGLAND

Col. House in Conference With Swedish Minister

Whole Question of Possible Joint Action by Neutrals Discussed—No Hint as to Any Change in American Attitude.

London, Feb. 18.—For some time Count Wrangel, the Swedish minister to England, has been holding a series of conferences with Colonel Edward M. House, President Wilson's personal representative, on the subject of the detention of neutral mails by belligerents. Incidentally, the whole question of possible joint action by neutrals to protect their rights have been discussed.

The first conference, during whica Count Wrangel and Colonel House were closeted for several hours, was arranged on the initiative of the Swedish minister. The controversy between Sweden and Great Britain over detentions of mail by both countries reached an impasse several weeks ago, and neither country since then has made any concession.

Despairing of settling the question through the usual channels Count Wrangel lost no time in getting in touch with Colonel House on his arrival here. He found him quite willing to listen to the Swedish side of the controversy but no hint has yet been given that the United States intends to change its present policy of playing a lone hand in an effort to settle differences with belligerents.

It is considered significant, however, that Colonel House, who expected to sail on the steamer Rotterdam, the sailing date of which has been delayed, has not fixed a new date for his departure.

Paris, Feb. 18.—The ministry of Aristide Briand was triumphant in the chamber of deputies today over the extreme socialists and the radical socialists, who, after long preparation, sought to overthrow the government on the question whether it was not delegating too much authorities to the general staff.

MOST NITRATE OF SODA GOES INTO AMMUNITION

Only 13 Per Cent Used in Fertilizer in Normal Times

However, Larger Amount Now Being Used in Munitions, With High Ocean Rates, Puts Price up. Boys' Road Patrol.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, Feb. 18.—Representative Godwin has received a letter from Secretary of Agriculture Houston with reference to the amount of nitrate of soda used in this country for the manufacture of munitions of war and the amount used for fertilizer. Mr. Godwin took the question up with Mr. Houston because of a statement of one of his constituents that the price of fertilizer would be raised to a prohibitive price this year and asked that an investigation be started.

Mr. Houston said:

"In normal times nearly one-half of the nitrate of soda imported into this country has been used in the manufacture of munitions; only about 13 per cent. has been used for agricultural purposes. Under present conditions, of course, a considerably larger quantity of nitrate of soda is being used for munitions, as it is the principal source of nitric acid. The advance in price of the material is probably due in part to its increased use in the manufacture of munitions and to the fact that ocean freight rates are higher than formerly."

J. Hampton Rich Scores.

It is learned today that the plan of the boys' road patrol, which is a State law in North Carolina, has been approved by the departments of good roads and rural engineering.

In conversation with J. Hampton Rich yesterday, Secretary of Agriculture Houston said that he thought Mr. Rich's proposition was a mighty good thing. President Wilson himself listened attentively to the plan of Mr. Rich a few days ago and promised to take the matter up with Mr. Houston.

Four states outside of North Carolina have made application for the plan advocated by Mr. Rich.

P. R. A.

REMOVAL IS DENIED IN EASTLAND CASE

Judge Sessions Overrules Government Application

DEFENDANTS ARE FREE

They Will Not Be Tried Further so Far as the Federal Court is Concerned—No Case Against Them, Says Judge.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Feb. 18.—Judge C. W. Sessions in the District court this afternoon denied the application of the government for a warrant of removal in the Eastland case. His decision means that the six Michigan men indicted in connection with the Eastland disaster will not have to go to Chicago for trial ,and are freed as far as the case in Federal court is concerned.

The defendants in the action here were William H. Hull, St. Joseph, president of the Chicago and St. Joseph Steamship Company; George T. Arnold, St. Ignace, manager of the company; Harry Pederson and Joseph Erickson, of Benton Harbor, captain and chief engineer of the Eastland; Robert Reid and Charles C. Eckliff, of Grand Haven, Federal inspectors.

In denying the application for removal Judge Sessions emphatically stated that the government failed to make out a case against the six defendants, and sums up the reasons for his decision as follows:

"The dead cannot be restored to life. The sorrows of the living cannot be lessoned by claiming other victims. The majesty of the law cannot be upheld and vindicated by forcing men from their homes to stand trial among strangers upon accusations which there is barely a scintilla of probto sustain. The evidence in this matter wholly fails to establish probable cause for believing these defendants guilty of any crime charged in the indictments."

The Eastland disaster occurred July 24, last. More than 800 persons, many of them women and children, perished when the vessel tipped at its dock at a time when more than 2,000 excursionists were on board bound for a picnic.

STATE TO PROSECUTE.

Ruling of District Court Does Not Affect Illinois Indictments.

Chicago, Feb. 18.—Federal authorities here believe the adverse during at Grand Rapids on the petition for removal of the Eastland defendants was confined to the removal proceedings and had no bearing on the sufficiency of the indictments, should the defendants come within the jurisdiction of the United States court here in which the indictments were returned.

State's Attorney Hoyne said that the ruling would have no effect on the state indictments against those charged with responsibility for the Eastland disaster. He said the cases would be set for trial within a few weeks.

TREATY FOR CANAL ROUTE IS RATIFIED

(Continued From Page One.)

benefit of the Republic of Nicaragua the sum of three million dollars United States gold coin of the present weight and fineness to be deposited to the order of the government of Nicaragua in such banks or with such banking corporations as the government of the United States may determine, to be applied by Nicaragua upon its indebtedness or other public purposes for the advancement of the welfare of Nicaragua in a manner to be determined by the two high contracting parties, all such disbursements to be made by orders drawn by the minister of finance of the Republic of Nicaragua and approved by the Secretary of State of the United States or by such person as he may designate."

Pacification Proviso.

The proviso added to the ratification resolution calculated to satisfy the protests of other Central American governments is as follows:

"That whereas Costa Rica, Salvador and Honduras have protested against the ratification of said convention in the fear or belief that said convention might in some respect impair existing rights of said states; therefore, it is declared by the Senate that in advising and consenting to the ratification of the said convention, as amended, such advice and consent are given with the understanding to be expressed as a part of the instrument of ratification, that nothing in said convention is intended to affect any existing right of any of the said named states."

Senator Clarke, of Arkansas, led the Democratic opposition to the treaty, while the Republican opposition was headed by Senators Borah and Smith, of Michigan.

Germany Offered More.

During the long debate declarations were made in the Senate that Germany had offered Nicaragua more than had the United States for the canal route option, and this is said to have been used as an argument for ratification.

Senator Stone, chairman of the Foreign Relations committee, will call up the Haitien financial protettorate treaty next, this to be followed by the amended Colombian treaty. Regarding the Colombian treaty there is grave doubt whether it can receive the necessary two-thirds vote for ratification.

RIOTOUS SCENES IN LEGISLATIVE HALL.

(Continued From Page One.)

to a representative on the floor of the House?"

Geissler replied: "Beg pardon, what is your name?" whereupon Bryant hit Geissler in the face, according to witnesses, knocking him to the floor and rendering him unconscious for several minutes.

Bryant became lost in the crowd that rushed around Geissler. No further disturbances occurred.

President Wilson recently pardoned two Oklahoma election officials convicted for enforcing the "grandfather test." Two others now are on trial in Federal Court at Guthrie.

Y. E. SMITH OF DURHAM UNDER GRAVE CHARGE

Attempt at Crinimal Assault on Married Woman

Former Legislator and Prominent Business Man Being Prosecuted by Young Alamance County Wife—Many Witnesses.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Graham, N. C., Feb. 18.—Y. E. Smith, of East Durham, was placed on trial before Justices Smith and Euless here today on a charge of attempt to commit a criminal assault on Mrs. Floy Wyatt, pretty 18-year-old wife of John W. Wyatt, an Alamance county farmer. The hearing began at 10 o'clock and continued until 7, when adjournment was taken until tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock. Over 100 witnesses were examined by the two contingents during the afternoon and at least 20 additional ones will be examined in the morning.

Floy Wyatt, the prosecution's main witness, was on the stand for an hour and a half and made an excellent witness. An able corps of attorneys fired a broadside of questions at the slim young woman, but were unable to shake her story in the least. Smith was on the stand three-quarters of an hour and he too made a good witness.

The prosecution alleges that Smith went to Wyatt's home Friday, February 11, and taking advantage of Mr. Wyatt's absence, attempted the crime which the girls contends was prevented only by the use of a shotgun she seized when she wrenched herself free from her assailant. The defendant does not deny being alone in the Wyatt home with Mrs. Wyatt, but emphatically denies any of the charges made by the prosecution.

Dr. Few a Witness.

The defendant caused to be subpoenaed 52 witnesses, four-fifths of them being character witnesses. Dr. W. P. Few, president of Trinity, was included in the list of witnesses examined. Numerous ministers, postmasters, merchants, policemen, sheriffs, in fact men from every walk of life, went on the stand and swore the defendant's character was excellent.

The defense did not attack the woman's character, but sought to have Smith discharged on the ground that Mrs. Wyatt was demented and irresponsible. Numerous witnesses swore to this, while the prosecution introduced just as many who were as certain that Floy Wyatt's mind is unaffected.

Smith is superintendent of the East Durham Cotton Manufacturing Co., a member of the board of directors of the Durham Cotton Manufacturing Co., president of the Peoples Bank, member of the county board of health, former member of the State Legislature and superintendent of the Carr Methodist Sunday school.

MEETS ALL REQUIREMENTS

Battleship Pennsylvania Returns From Two Days' Builders' Trials.

Newport, News, Va., Feb. 18.—The battleship Pennsylvania today returned from a two days' successful builders' trials off the coast and tomorrow morning will be drydocked at the Norfolk navy yard to have her bottom scraped and painted. The builders state that a slight marine growth acquired by the battleship while she was being completed might tend to cut down her speed. Announcement was made from the yard tonight that the Pennsylvania met every requirement on the unofficial trial. The battleship will leave Hampton Roads Sunday for Rockland, Me., where the official trials are scheduled to be held on February 22.

CAPT. W. T. TUCKER DEAD.

Former Paymaster of Seaboard Dies in Portsmouth—Funeral Today.

(Special Star Telegram).

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 18.—The remains of Capt. W. T. Tucker, who died at Portsmouth, Va., today, will arrive in Raleigh at 9 o'clock Saturday morning and the funeral will be from the Church of the Good Shepherd, of which he was for a number of years a vestryman. The vestry of the church will be honorary pall bearers.

Captain Tucker was for many years paymaster for the Seaboard and was for a long while a resident of Raleigh, being exceptionally popular here. He was 82 years old.

IN THE REALM OF SPORTS

HARTLEY LOST TO HANSON

Local Welterweight Defeated English Champion After Latter Took the First Fall.

Herbert Hartley, holder of the English welterweight wrestling championship, met defeat on the mat in Woolvin Hall last evening wnen Fritz Hanson, of this city, took two falls from him after Hartley won the first fall of the bout. Hanson used the crotch hold and half Nelson for each of his falls, taking the second fall in 14 minutes and the third in 13 1-2. Hartley threw Hanson in the first fall at the end of one hour and four and one-half minutes, using the body scissors and arm lock.

Probably 800 people witnessed the match which, while not as spectacular as some that have been held here, was the equal of any in point of real scientific offensive and defensive wrestling.

When the articles of agreement for the match were drawn up, the men posted forfeits of $25 each to make 148 pounds, ringside weight. Hartley was within this limit when they weighed in last night, but Hanson tipped the scales at 154 pounds. Hanson contended that the wrestlers should be allowed to weigh in stripped, and not in their wrestling togs, but Hartley and his supporters contended that ringside weight included the wrestling togs, so Hanson lost his weight forfeit.

During the 64 1-2 minutes of the first fall, the two men divided the offensive work. For the first half of this time Hanson was on the offensive practically all the while, but during the latter half of the fall Hartley kept him on the defensive. Each man broke dangerous holds time and again, and time after time one or the other prevented by superhuman effort what appeared an inevitable fall.

Hartley, toward the latter part of the first fall, kept using a body scissors hold on Hanson, and the little Englishman, who is wonderfully clever and strong in his legs, punished the local man severely. Hanson did some wonderful work in blocking and breaking this hold by cramping Hartley's toe in the bend of his leg, and no less than half a dozen times he forced the Englishman to break his hold. These efforts, however, seemed to tax his endurance very heavily, and at the end of 64½ minutes Hartley, using the body scissors and an arm lock, forced his shoulders down.

When the men came back after a ten-minute intermission, Hanson appeared to be entirely refreshed, and he kept on the offensive practically all during the second fall. He appeared to have determined Hartley's weak point, and he repeatedly picked the Englishman up bodily, using a crotch hold and half Nelson, and slammed him to the mat. Hartley did some very clever defensive work for a time, but Hanson's savage attacks soon wore him down, and the fall went to Hanson at the end of 14 minutes.

The third fall was almost a repetition of the second. Hanson was the aggressor most of the time, though he did not secure the half Nelson and crotch until they had been wrestling for nearly 12 minutes. When he did get it, it did not take him long to pin Hartley's shoulders again.

Hartley made a short talk after the match, declaring that Hanson was one of the toughest men he had ever met, and that he had won fairly and squarely. However, he felt sure that if Hanson would train down to 148 pounds, he could beat him. He wanted another match with Hanson at 148, either here or at Utica, N. Y., in public or private.

Terms could not be agreed upon last night, but it is probable that another match between the two men will be arranged to be held here, as Hanson expressed his willingness to meet Hartley again.

WILL BUY FRANCHISE.

Jersey City International Club to be Transferred to Newark.

Newark, N. J., Feb. 18.—President Edgar G. Barrow, of the International League, announced today that the Jersey City franchise would be sold to Fred Tenney and James Price, who will transfer the team to this city. The purchase price has been fixed at $35,000 and it was said that H. Clay Smith is Tenney's backer. Tenney will be manager and Price president of the International club.

CITY LAUNDRY AND JACOBI WERE WINNERS LAST NIGHT

Latter Still Leads Commercial League Basketball Teams.

Standing of the Teams.

Teams.	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Jacobi	2	0	1.000
City Laundry	1	1	.500
Elvington & Mintz	1	1	.500
National Woolen Mills	0	2	.000

In the two basketball games of the Commercial League last night, the City Laundry team and the Jacobi team were the winners, the latter remaining at the top of the percentage column.

First game last night was between National Woolen Mills and City Laundry, and was the best exhibition of basketball of the two games played. The City Laundry won the game by a score of 35 to 22. The accurate shooting of the City Laundry's guards was responsible for the high score and the winning of the game. However, each forward succeeded in scoring four field goals and the center man one basket. Howard Hanby, of the heavy men, shot seven baskets, while playing running guard position. The score for the Woolen Mills was somewhat divided, as all the men on the team threw one or more baskets. Rhodes, at center, throwing four. The games were clean, although not as fast as previous games played.

The second game between Jacobi, the League leaders, and also the winner of last series, and Elvington and Mintz, had decayed in the eyes of the medical men so that the end of the first half the score stood 12 to 8. In the second half the hardware men started in earnest to add another game to their credit so that the standing of percentage would be 1.000, and more than doubled their lead of the first half, so at the end of the game the score stood just double, or 28 to 14. LeGwin, Davis and Shepard were the aggressive players and each added equally to the score. Only two fouls were called during the whole game, showing that basketball can be played without the use of a rule book as far as fouls are concerned.

The games next week will be played on Thursday night and thereafter the first game being called at 8 o'clock and the second immediately after the first. The public is cordially invited to attend.

BASEBALL CAMPAIGN FOR 1916 IS LAUNCHED AT WAKE FOREST

More Than 30 Promising Candidates Answer Initial Call.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wake Forest, N. C., Feb. 18.—With ideal baseball weather prevailing the 1916 baseball campaign was launched at Wake Forest College yesterday afternoon when the first call for candidates was issued by Coach Billings. Over thirty promising candidates answered the initial call, and this number will easily increase to fifty or more soon, for six players are with the basketball squad and there are a number of men that intend to report that did not answer the first call.

Moore and Huntley, pitchers of last year's staff; Carlyle, shortstop, and Ellis were the old 'varsity men seen on the field yesterday. Ellis will be unable to pitch this year on account of his side, but will be a candidate for one of the outfield positions. Whitley, who alternated with Carlyle at second last season, was on the sidelines and announces his intention of reporting within the next few days.

Captain Holding, first base; Franks, pitcher; Beam, right field, together with R. Holding, Robley and Hall, are with the basketball team. They will be able to report by March 1, as the basketball schedule calls for the last game on the 29th of February.

TEN RACE MEETINGS.

Sanctioned by Stewards of Jockey Club Meeting at New York.

New York, Feb. 18.—Ten race meetings were sanctioned by the stewards of the Jockey Club at a session here today. The dates awarded follow:

Bowie, April 1 to April 14, inclusive; Havre de Grace, April 15 to April 29, inclusive; Pimlico, May 1 to May 17, inclusive; Jamaica, May 18 to May 24, inclusive; Belmont Park, May 25 to June 14, inclusive; Aqueduct, June 24 to July 11, inclusive; Empire, July 12 to July 29 inclusive; Saratoga, July 31 to August 26, inclusive; Belmont Park, August 28 to September 9, inclusive.

Pinehurst, N. C., Feb. 18.—Miss Eleanor Gates, Nassau County club, won the Washington's birthday tennis singles for women here today, defeating Miss Alice Blum, Southshore, 6—3, 6—3.

ELON WINS FROM TRINITY.

Brisk Game Enlivened by Organized Cheering—Fouling Excessive.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Elon College, N. C., Feb. 18.—Elon won from Trinity here tonight, 23 to 19, in a brisk game enlivened by organized cheering and marred by excessive fouling. Eleven fouls were called on Elon, only five on Trinity. Elon pocketed 11 field goals, five by Captain Shine Bradford, and four by Bailey.

Trinity could get only four safe ones from the field. Martin for Trinity, put every one of the eleven free chances in the pocket. The line-up:

Elon		Trinity
J. Bradford	RF	Ferrell
Bailey	LF	Anderson
R. Bradford	C	Bunting
Morrison	RG	Lilley
Sorrells	LG	Martin

Referee, Clay, of Durham.

SAVANNAH QUITS LEAGUE

Will Be Superceded by Montgomery or Othan in the South Atlantic.

Savannah, Ga., Feb. 18.—The committee recently appointed to decide upon the 1916 circuit of the South Atlantic League, a class C organization, announced here today that Savannah had withdrawn from the league and would be superceded by either Montgomery or Dothan, Ala. The other seven clubs will be Charleston, and Columbia, S. C.; Jacksonvills, Fla., and Augusta, Albany, Columbus and Macon, Ga. The league will play 126 games, beginning April 17.

SKI-JUMPING RECORD

Ragnar Omtvedt, of Chicago, Clears Distance of 192.9 Feet.

Steamboat Springs, Colo., Feb. 18.—All ski-jumping records were broken in the annual mid-winter ski carnival here by Ragnar Omtvedt, of Chicago, who cleared a distance of 192.9 feet. The former world's record was 177 feet, held by Amble Omundsen, of Christiania, Norway. The previous American record of 169 feet was held by Omtvedt.

HOW GERMANS SOUGHT CONTROL OF CARIBBEAN SEA.

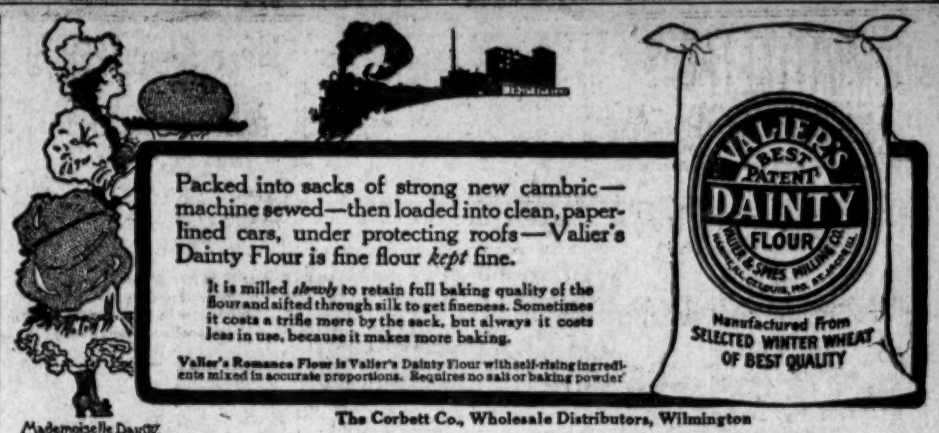
No. 1—St. Thomas, where they own ground for coaling station.

No. 2—Cartagena, where they sought to purchase a naval base.

No. 3—Nicaragua Canal Route they tried to buy.

No. 4—Mole St. Nicholas, where they tried to lease a naval base.

Evidence has just been produced before the Foreign Relations committee of the United States Senate that before the war in Europe Germany planned naval bases which might have given her control of the Caribbean sea, at least enabled her to dispute control with the United States. It is said the Hamburg-American line has leased from Denmark a large area of ground at St. Thomas, which could be used as a naval base. Other evidence shows another attempt was made to lease from Colombia a base at Cartagena. But the most interesting evidence is that which was declared to be an attempt to buy the Nicaragua Canal route at a cost of $9,000,000. The United States offers only $3,000,000. To complete the circle of the Caribbean, they attempted to buy a base at the Mole St. Nicholas in Haiti.


Packed into sacks of strong new cambric—machine sewed—then loaded into clean, paper-lined cars, under protecting roofs—Valier's Dainty Flour is fine flour *kept* fine.
It is milled *slowly* to retain full baking quality of the flour and sifted through silk to get fineness. Sometimes it costs a trifle more by the sack, but always it costs less in use, because it makes more baking.
Valier's Romance Flour is Valier's Dainty Flour with self-rising ingredients mixed in accurate proportions. Requires no salt or baking powder
Mademoiselle Dainty
VALIER'S BEST PATENT DAINTY FLOUR
VALIER & SPIES MILLING CO.
Manufactured From SELECTED WINTER WHEAT OF BEST QUALITY
The Corbett Co., Wholesale Distributors, Wilmington

UGH! CALOMEL MAKES YOU SICK, DON'T STAY BILIOUS, CONSTIPATED

"Dodson's Liver Tone" Will Clean Your Sluggish Liver Better Than Calomel and Can Not Salivate.

Calomel makes you sick; you lose a day's work. Calomel is quicksilver and it salivates; calomel injures your liver.

If you are bilious; feel lazy, sluggish and all knocked out, if your bowels are constipated and your head aches or stomach is sour, just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone instead of using sickening, salivating calomel. Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working, your headache and dizziness gone, your stomach will be sweet and bowels regular. You will feel like working. You'll be cheerful; full of energy, vigor and ambition.

Your druggist or dealer sells you a 50 cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone under my personal guarantee that it will clean your sluggish liver better than nasty calomel; it won't make you sick and you can eat anything you want without being salivated. Your druggist guarantees that each spoonful will start your liver, clean your bowels and straighten you up by morning or you get your money back. Children gladly take Dodson's Liver Tone because it is pleasant tasting and doesn't gripe or cramp or make them sick.

I am selling millions of bottles of Dodson's Liver Tone to people who have found that this pleasant, vegetable, liver medicine takes the place of dangerous calomel. Buy one bottle on my sound, reliable guarantee. Ask your druggist about me.

IRON

2,000 bars Small Round; 2,000 bars Large Round; 1,000 bars Assorted Squares; 2,000 bars Thin Flats; 3,000 bars Thick Flats; 1,000 pieces Thin Sheets; 500 pieces Heavy Sheets.

We handle only the Best Grades of Refined Iron and Soft Machine Steel and Our Prices Are Right.

WILMINGTON IRON WORKS

ORANGE AND WATER STS. "THE IRON MEN"

Buy at Home

Following out the "Rotary" idea, Mr. Moore and his committee insist that the money that stays in Wilmington is the only money that really helps build the city. That being the case, patronize the

CAPE FEAR OIL CO.

The Only Oil Company in the City Whose Money Remains in Wilmington.

BELL-ANS

Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

Neuralgia?

"First Aid at Home."

Neuralgia Pain is most agonizing yet you can stop it instantly by applying Sloan's Liniment. Think of Sloan's Liniment whenever you have a pain of any kind. It is a fine Pain Killer. No need to rub it in—you just 'lay it on and the pain flies away at once.

Sloan's Liniment

KILLS PAIN

"Keep a bottle in your home."

Price 25c. 50c. $1.00

Cash Refunding Week

We will give 10 CENTS IN CASH from Every Dollar bought from us during REFUNDING WEEK, Beginning Saturday, Feb. 19, and Ending Saturday, Feb. 26.

Spectacles or Eyeglasses

Correctly Fitted to Your Eyes for $1.00 and Up. Come to us and Save Money.

EYES TESTED FREE.

Dr. Vineberg

MASONIC TEMPLE.

BURETT H. STEPHENS

ARCHITECT

38-39 GARRELL BUILDING.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

BALTIMORE & CAROLINA STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Weekly Sailings Between

BALTIMORE, WILMINGTON, GEORGETOWN and CHARLESTON, S. C.

Sailings form Baltimore every Friday afternoon, 3 o'clock.

Lowest through rates to and from Interior, Eastern and Western points furnished upon application.

Through bills lading issued.

J. LAMBLE DOTEN, Agent.

Office and Piers, foot Grace street 'Phone 432.

LIGGETT'S CHOCOLATES

Made in Boston, Mass. Sold in More Than 7,000 Cities.

FEATURED IN RIKER-HAGEMAN, JAYNES', LIGGETT'S UNITED and OWL CHAIN DRUG STORES. 80c TO $1.50 THE POUND, SOLD ONLY

—at—

The Rexall Store

ELVINGTON and MINTZ Druggists

Dependable

SAVES DAUGHTER

Advice of Mother no Doubt Prevents Daughter's Untimely End.

Ready, Ky.—"I was not able to do anything for nearly six months," writes Mrs. Laura Bratcher, of this place, "and was down in bed for three months.

I cannot tell you how I suffered with my head, and with nervousness and womanly troubles.

Our family doctor told my husband he could not do me any good, and he had to give it up. We tried another doctor, but he did not help me.

At last, my mother advised me to take Cardui, the woman's tonic. I thought it was no use for I was nearly dead and nothing seemed to do me any good. But I took eleven bottles, and now I am able to do all of my work and my own washing.

I think Cardui is the best medicine in the world. My weight has increased, and I look the picture of health."

If you suffer from any of the ailments peculiar to women, get a bottle of Cardui *today*. Delay is dangerous. We know it will help you, for it has helped so many thousands of other weak women in the past 50 years.

At all druggists.

Write to: Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for *Special Instructions* on your case and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," in plain wrapper. H.G. 139

Read Star Business Locals.

Heavy and Fancy Goods at Wholesale.

SPECIALTIES:

Molasses, Syrup, Rice, Candies, Coffees, Spices, Extracts, Drugs, Teas and Nails.

Call in and See Us, or Write or Wire for Prices.

A. B. Croom, Jr. Company

WILMINGTON, N. C.

CHICHESTER S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.

Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 35 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

"THE OLD RELIABLE"

PLANTEN'S C & C OR BLACK CAPSULES

REMEDY FOR MEN.

AT YOUR DRUGGIST.

CHOICE MEATS

TURKEYS, GEESE, CHICKENS, FAT, FANCY STOCK ONLY.

A FULL LINE OF FLORIDA AND HOME GROWN VEGETABLES.

DAVIS & HINTZE

FRONT STREET MARKET.

COMMITTEE FACES SERIOUS PROBLEM

How to Have State Represented at St. Louis

SOME FEAR OF FAILURE

Democratic State Committee to Meet March 8—Wilmington Corporation Chartered—Faithful Negro Dead—Raleigh News.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 18.—Prominent members of the State Democratic Executive committee, soon to meet in Raleigh to fix the date for the State convention and transact other business, say that one of the most absorbing topics will be that of how the delegates shall be selected for the national convention at St. Louis. Inneed, some committeemen fear that discrepancies in the State-wide primary law and its variance from the regulations for naming delegates to the national convention may bring it to pass that North Carolina will not be represented in the national convention.

It developes that the call for the national convention requires that the delegates from the State shall be chosen by primaries and it will be impossible to elect the delegates in the legalized State-wide primaries June 4 and duly certify them and select the delegates from the Congressional districts in time for the national convention. Possibly the only solution may be to hold special party primaries for electing delegates. The expense of such primaries and the difficulty of finding desirable men who would be willing to get in the race, provide tickets for the primaries and carry such a system through, makes it doubtful if the special primary idea will be practical. Any way the matter is one that is likely to come in for a general discussion and bring into play the keenest sort of criticism for the whole primary system.

Faithful Negro Dead.

Austin Dunston, negro waiting man and messenger at the executive offices of Governor Craig, died this morning of pneumonia. He was 55 years old and had been serving for one and another of the State offices in the Capitol building for forty years. He was waiting men for Governor Jarvis during his administration. Just before Governor Jarvis' death he was in the office of Governor Craig and said in the presence of this faithful negro that if he had a million dollars and had to have some one to keep it for him he had as soon entrust it to Austin as anybody he knew and that he would be confident of the safety of his money, unless somebody killed him to take it. Austin's wife is also very ill and is not expected to live, as the outcome of an operation.

Judge George P. Pell, of the Corporation Commission, has gone to make a personal investigation as to complaints against the train service and general equipment of the Linville River railroad, there being urgent petitions for improvement from citizens who patronize the road, which extends from Pineola to Johnson City, Tenn.

"Community Day" at Elon.

Maj. W. A. Graham, Commissioner of Agricultre, and a corps of the division experts of the department, will go to Elon College February 26 to take part in a "Community Day" program for the township. Agronomist J. L. Burgess, Director of Farmers' Institutes T. B. Parker; R. G. Hall, assistant horticulturist, and Miss Jamison, of the domestic science division, and Mrs. Hollowell, representing the State Insurance Department, will accompany Major Graham. Meetings of this sort are being arranged in many parts of the State and it is the policy of the Department of Agriculture to provide special speakers from among the experts of the department whenever possible.

New corporations were chartered today as follows:

The Mutual Stores (Inc.), of Goldsboro, capital $10,000 authorized and $1,500 subscribed by A. R. Morgan, Dr. C. B. Hall and Dr. S. E. Malone, for a general mercantile business.

B. H. Stephens & Co., Wilmington, capital $100,000 authorized and $10,000 subscribed by B. H. Stephens, R. C. McCarl, E. O. Perry, for general contracting business and architecture and engineering.

The Badin Realty Co., of Albemarle, capital $100,000 authorized and $8,000 subscribed by E. V. Ferrell, J. A. Vinson, J. A. Parker and others.

The Keystone Manufacturing Co., of Henderson, capital $50,000 authorized and $10,000 subscribed, for making mattresses.

MRS. ELIZABETH KNOX DEAD.

Well Known Business Woman of Kinston Passes Away.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., Feb. 18.—Mrs. Elizabeth Knox, probably Kinston's best known business woman, is dead, following a long illness from a complication of diseases. She has been a resident of this city about 20 years, and was known to practically every person in Kinston. Mrs. Knox went into business some years ago, following the death of her first husband, named Houston. The establishment is now one of the largest in Eastern Carolina, catering exclusively to women. Mrs. Knox left quite an estate, it is understood. Her second husband was the late J. M. Stephenson, who died several years ago, and in 1913 she married W. C. Knox, a veterinarian, who survives her. There are no other relations nearer than cousins, nieces and nephews. Mrs. Knox was a native of Duplin county, Sandlin being her family name. She was a little past middle age.

Two children by her first husband have been dead for years. Mrs. Knox was a member of the First Baptist church, of which Rev. C. W. Blanchard is the pastor, and that minister will conduct the funeral today.

SAYS MORE SHIPS NEEDED FOR COTTON TRANSPORTATION

Lansing Agrees There Should be Further Regulation of Exchanges.

Washington, Feb. 18.—Secretary Lansing told Representatives Howard, of Georgia, and Haflin, of Alabama, today that this country needed more ships for transportation of cotton and that he thought the situation would soon be better in this respect.

"The Secretary agreed that there should be further regulation of the cotton exchanges eliminating certain speculative features," said Representative Heflin. "The opinion prevails at the State Department that the European war will not last much longer and in that event cotton would bring a big price."

Several of the Southern representatives plan to confer tomorrow with Attorney General Gregory regarding the proposed "investigation of the bear raid on the New York Cotton Exchange yesterday" with a view to possible government action.

—The railroads throughout the country are now taking their annual weight of mails handled for the United States government. The weighing will continue for 90 days. The weighing started three days ago. An extra man is placed on the mail cars to weigh the mails put on at each station.

Beautiful Hungarian Actress Shot as Spy.

Sari Petrass.

Sari Petrass, the beautiful Hungarian actress, has been shot in Budapest as a British spy, according to cable despatches received by residents of Cleveland who knew her.

Miss Petrass was put to death, the despatches said, almost immediately after the court martial found her guilty of luring military secrets from high army officials and communicating them to the British war office by means of smuggled letters.

Until she was executed the public was unaware that Miss Petrass was even a prisoner, and the official announcement of the execution was a national shock. Miss Petrass was not only a reigning favorite of the Hungarian theatre-goers, but of a family of famous Hungarian patriots.

When war was declared the actress was starring in "The Marriage Market," a Hungarian operetta, at Daly's Theatre, in London. She immediately returned to Budapest, but instead of continuing on the stage began an elaborate round of social activities.

UPPER CAPE FEAR FOLK WILL HEAR PATTERSON

Former Governor of Tennessee to Speak in Fayetteville

Health Feature From Panama Exposition to be Brought to Cumberland. Republicans of County Meet. Depositors Get Money.

(By Asa Biggs.)

Fayetteville, N. C., Feb. 18.—A coming event of more than local interest will be an address here on Friday night, February 25th, in Hay Street Methodist church by ex-Governor Malcolm R. Patterson, of Tennessee, who comes to Fayetteville under the auspices of the National Anti-Saloon League to address the citizens of the Cape Fear section. The formal announcement of the event was made last night at a meeting in the Baptist church when a committee was appointed to make the preparations for the affair.

Ex-Governor Patterson enjoys a national reputation. During the last two years he has spoken from coast to coast in the interest of National constitutional prohibition in the United States, and it is seldom that auditoriums have been found large enough to accommodate the crowds that throng to hear him, it is declared.

An active advertising campaign was started here today when a batch of cards, announcing the event, were mailed out to different parts of the Cape Fear section.

According to astatement made to The Star correspendent by Postmaster Underwood this afternoon, Senator Simmons will visit Fayetteville some time in the near future. Postmaster Underwood states that while in Washington a few days ago he called on the senator and extended him an invitation to pay Fayetteville a visit.

Mr. Underwood, upon his return from Washington, where he went on departmental business, stated that from what he could gain in unofficial sources in Washington the chances for Brandeis' appointment to the Supreme Court bench being confirmed were good.

Of Interest to Whole State.

That the experiment to be conducted here by the Health Department of the United States is one of the greatest things ever to be brought to this State, is declared to be true by Dr. Frances Bradley, the physician who has arrived here from Washington to take personal charge of the experiment bureau. Dr. Bradley, speaking of this event and what it means, had the following to say to The Star correspondent:

"One of the most popular features of the Panama-Pacific Exposition is coming to North Carolina for March and April. The United States government will conduct in Fayetteville, and later in every township in the county, a free children's health conference similar to the one which proved such a center of interest at the Children's Bureau exhibit in the San Francisco Exposition.

"What is a childrens' health conference? The essential features are a physician, some mothers and some children—not sick children, but any children, well children, rosy children, pale children, fat children, lean children, children that are easy to bring up and children that are puzzling to their parents.

"The aim of the conference is to show the physical condition of the children examined and to indicate points at which their health and vigor may be improved. In fact, it is teaching the mothers just exactly how to bring up their children," she concluded.

"It will, I am sure, mean a great evolution in child raising in your State," Dr. Bradley said. "I believe that from the reception already accorded us, it is going to be a wonderful success here."

Depositors Getting Money.

The Fourth National Bank, recently closed up here, today began refunding deposits, which were made on February 3rd, the day before the formal closing of the bank.

A convention of the county Republicans was held yesterday in the city hall. Mr. John R. Tolar was elected permanent chairman. The main feature of the meeting was an address by A. L. McCaskill, who entertains hopes of being the Republican representative in Congress from the Sixth. Mr. McCaskill delivered a very "conservative" speech, and the address was then followed by the election of delegates to State convention and the Congressional convention.

GIVES NEW INTERPRETATION OF MEANING WORD PREPAREDNESS

L. S. Gannett, of Harvard University, Lectures at Chapel Hill.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Chapel Hill, N. C., Feb. 18.—A new interpretation as to the meaning of the word "preparedness" was given at the University Wednesday evening by L. S. Gannett, of Harvard University. His subject was "Real Preparedness." Mr. Gannett spoke under the auspices of the Chapel Hill branch of the International Polity Club, of which Prof. W. W. Pearson is director of the University branch, and H. Gardner Hudson, of Smithfield, is secretary. Membership in the club is limited to twenty. To use the words of Professor Pearson, "the club was organized to make a study of such causes and problems as are suggested by the present European war. Its design is merely to study the general significance of the war to this country."

In a very conclusive manner, Mr. Gannett showed that "you can't get national security by simply increasing the armament on land and sea. "Such a state of affairs," declares Mr. Gannett, "inevitably leads to ruinous competition and rivalry between the various nations."

"The only national security that is possible today is international security." Mr. Gannett showed that such security could only be attained by the means suggested by the International Conciliation committee. "But the suggested peace movement can not be put into practice until the European war is over," he concluded, in explaining the purposes of the Conciliation Committee.

The North Carolina Alpha Delta chapter and the Trinity XI chapter of the Alpha Tau Oemga Fraternity were joint hosts Monday and Tuesday to the fourth biennial conclave of Province Six of the fraternity at the University chapter house. Aside from the business transacted, the principle and certainly the most enjoyable feature of the conclave was the dance given by the University chapter Tuesday evening.

THEATRICAL

Following is another criticism of the all-star presentation of "The Bohemian Girl", which comes to the Academy of Music today, giving a matinee and night performance; and was clipped from the Roanoke Times of February 13th:

"It is needless to say that 'The Bohemian Girl' is a good show. Long ere this it has pleased thousands of people and will continue to please thousands more so long as good music finds a response in the human heart. And 'The Bohemian Girl' as it was presented by the Boston English Opera Company at the Academy of Music last night apparently had lost none of its charm with the passing years.

"There were the same songs that have been popular for almost a score of years and which have become familiar to almost everyone. And while it was these songs, well rendered and in some cases excellently rendered, that brought the greatest applause from the audience, the company almost without exception proved itself worthy of handling the classic which it presented.

"The chorus and the orchestra deserve mention as performing an important though sometimes overlooked feature in a well rendered musical show. The chorus particularly showed good singing ability together with careful training. 'The Bohemian Girl' deserved a larger audience."

The matinee prices will be 50 cents, 75 cents and $1. The night prices will range from 50 cents to $2. Seats are on sale at Plummer's.

Saturday Bill at Bijou.

"Produced by the Smalleys." That is a statement that means something when referring to photoplay, as it stands for the nearest approach of technical perfection which has been attained in motion photography. You will not have to puzzle over the plot which unfolds logically before you, if is a Smalley production. All the characters will be clearly introduced and there will be no subsequent confusion of identity. The locations will be ideally chosen, and the details will supplement, not detract from the effect.

Such a picture is "Discontent," a two-reel Gold Seal prize drama starring on today's bill at the Bijou and featuring Marie Walcamp and Edward Brown in the leading roles. It's the charming story of an old grouch from the soldier's home, who can't be happy anywhere, till he runs across certain incidents which change his outlook on life.

"When Aunt Matilda Fell," is a rousing Nestor scream with Eddie Lyons, Lee Moran and Jack Lynn, three of comedy-land's greatest artists.

Then "The Animated Weekly," as usual has the great events told as only Universal can picture them.

"Mabel's Busy Day"—Grand.

Another great comedy today—both Charlie Chaplin and Mabel Normand starring in Mabel's Busy Day," a rousing scream frob beginning to end. Pretty Mabel is one of the greatest drawing cards, next to Charlie, in the movies, and when they both appear on the same bill and in the same picture, it's safe to say that standing room only will be the order of the day. And that's exactly what you should expert at the Grand today, and therefore come early, afternoon and night. You won't get a seat after eight o'clock tonight.

"The Thunderbolt" is a great American drama, starring Helen Rosson, E. Forrest Taylor and Frank Thorne, a drama of strong emotional power, full of exciting incidents from the first to the last flash, one that will pass so quick you'll wish it was six reels. It's one of the strong single reel features of the month.

"Mischief and A Mirror" is a great Beauty comedy starring pretty Neva Gerber, with Wallace MacDonald and Dick Rosson in the leading roles.

The picturesque and beautiful dells of the Wisconsin river are viewed with the Mutual Traveler in the current number of "See America First," which also contains the latest episode of "Keeping Up With the Joneses," the laughable cartoon comedy.

"The Raven"—Royal Today.

No tragedy seers the soul of man as the loss of the woman he loves. Edgar Allen Poe, in the death of his wife, drained to the dregs the cup of sorrow. To his grief was the added sting of death by cold and starvation. Through night's long hours he knelt by her body in a bare, wind-swept room, his spirit broken, his soul tasting the dregs of uttermost despair.

Out of heart-rending tragedy his genius spoke in "The Raven." He probed to the depths those unfathomable mysteries in life. He pictured the greatest happiness that comes to man—Love, and the great desolation — Death. This is why "The Raven" strikes straight to the heart.

Henry B. Walthall, the image of Poe, a man of the same mold and temperament, who thinks and feels as did Poe, interprets America's greatest poet as no other living being could, in that soul-stirring six-act photo-drama, "The Raven," at the Royal today. His genius sparkles on the screen as did Poe's in literature. He gives to the world a living Poe, the Poe of Love and Song, the Poe of Hope and Happiness, the Poe of Desolation and Despair. Mr. Walthall is ably supported by Warda Howard and an all-star cast.

FAVORABLE REPORT ON THE LEVER COTTON FUTURES BILL

Measure is Amended Duplicate of Bill Held Unconstitutional

Washington, Feb. 18.—The Lever cotton futures bill was ordered favorably reported to the House today by the agriculture committee. The House will act upon it probably within a fortnight. The measure is an amended duplicate of the bill held unconstitutional by Judge Hough in the Federal court in New York.

Section 11 has been amended to permit hedging in foreign exchanges against actual shipment or consignment for sale on actual cotton, regardless of the character of the contract of the foreign exchange in which the hedging is made.

The same section also provided that orders for contracts on cotton received in this country from foreign exchang have not adopted American contracts and standard of grades, shall bear a tax of two cents a pound.

This section is expected to result in an international standard of grades as well as of contracts.

Easy Way to Get Rid of Itching

Don't worry any more about that itching skin-trouble. Just get a jar of resinol ointment and a cake of resinol soap at any drug store.

With the resinol soap and warm water bathe the affected parts thoroughly, until they are free from crusts and the skin is softened. Dry very gently, spread on a thin layer of the resinol ointment, and cover with a light bandage—if necessary to protect the clothing. This should be done twice a day. Usually the distressing itching and burning stop with the first treatment, and the skin soon becomes clear and healthy again.

Choosing Your Shampoo Soap

If you select a soap that contains soothing, healing properties like the resinol balsams in resinol soap, you are not likely to have trouble with dandruff, loss of hair or itching scalp. Ideal for the youngsters' heads.

DEFEAT SUFFRAGE PROPOSAL.

Question in Virginia House Turned Down by Small Majority.

Richmond, Va., Feb. 18.—The joint resolution proposing to submit to the people the question of enfranchising women in the state of Virginia, was defeated in the house of delegates today after a spirited debate, by a majority of 52 to 40. A change of seven votes would have meant victory for the suffragists. Two years ago in the last legislature, a similar resolution received only 13 favorable votes, and the big increase in the vote of today greatly pleased suffrage leaders, who predict certain victory for the measure two years hence.

NOTICE OF SERVICE OF SUMMONS BY PUBLICATION.

State of North Carolina, County of New Hanover. In the Superior Court.
City of Wilmington
vs.
Germania Manufacturing Company, Atlantic Trust & Banking Company, Trustee.

NOTICE.

The defendant above named, the Germania Manufacturing Company, will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of New Hanover County for the purpose of collecting certain taxes due the City of Wilmington on property owned by the said defendant, the Germania Manufacturing Company, for the years 1913 and 1914, and that the said defendant will further take notice that it is required to appear at the term of the Superior Court of said County, to be held on the 1st Monday in April, 1916, it being the third day of April, 1916, and answer or demur to the complaint that has been filed in said action or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the said complaint.

Dated this the 18th day of February, 1916.

W. N. HARRISS,
Clerk of the Superior Court.
fe 19-st-4t.

DR. JOYNER THE SPEAKER

At Pender County Commencement March 17—Township Road Tax Voted Down.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Burgaw, N. C., Feb. 18.—March 17 has been decided upon as the date for the Pender county commencement, and the Pig, Poultry and Corn Show will be held at the same time. Dr. J. Y. Joyner, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, is to be here and deliver an address on the occasion.

The election on the question of a special road tax in Holly township last week resulted in the defeat of the proposition, much to the regret of those who are anxious for better roads in that section. Good roads enthusiasts throughout the county feel that it certainly is a pity the tax was voted down, as that section needs good roads and will not have them until they do have a tax to make them, as it is practically impossible to secure them under the old system. Holly township has sandy roads and they could be made good with clay, but it takes money to do this. Burgaw, Rocky Point and Topsail townships are now improving their roads under the tax system, and it is expected that the other townships will sooner or later fall into line.

THE ROYAL
"Wilmington's Modern Movie"
SHOWS START
11:00 A. M.
12:30 P. M.
2:00 "
3:30 "
5:00 "
6:30 "
8:00 "
9:30 "

A Living, Throbbing Presentation of Poe's Great Poem

THE RAVEN

"The Raven" Strikes Straight to the Heart

WITH

POE REINCARNATED

In the Person of

HENRY B. WALTHALL

"His genius sparkles on the screen as did Poe's in literature. He gives to the world a living Poe, the Poe of Love and Song, the Poe of Hope and Happiness, the Poe of Desolation and Despair."

WARDA HOWARD

the great emotional actress appears with Mr. Walthall in this, the most etherially artistic, intensely fascinating and soul-stirring phototragedy of the year.

"Come Early." Six Reels. Regular Price.

Tickets Are Now On Sale at Plummer's

For The Original ALL STAR Revival of the

"BOHEMIAN GIRL"

ACADEMY OF MUSIC Today MATINEE AND NIGHT

THE WORLD'S GREATEST COMIC OPERA

—with—

Joseph F. Sheehan, Mirth Carmen, Elaine De Sellem, Arthur Deane, Rob't A. White, Philip Fein and 55 Others. The Famous Boston Opera Company Chorus and Augmented Orchestra.

The One Big Conspicuous Success of the Theatrical Season.

Prices: 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00.
Bargain Matinee Best Seats 50c to $1.00.

GRAND

CHARLIE CHAPLIN

Co-Star With

MABEL NORMAND

In a Rousing Keystone Scream

'Mabel's Busy Day'

"The Thunderbolt"

A Strong Emotional Drama Starring Helen Rosson.

"Mischief and a Mirror"

A Beauty Comedy with Neva Garber.

"See America First"

The Picturesque Dells of the Wisconsin River—Also "Keeping Up With the Joneses," Cartoon Comedy.

BIJOU

MARIE WALCAMP

In a Great Two-Reel Masterdrama Produced by Lois Weber and Phillips Smalley.

"Discontent"

"When Aunt Matilda Fell"

Roaring Nestor with Lee Moran and Eddie Lyons

Animated Weekly

Great Events the World Over

4% INTEREST

KEEP IN MIND

Not all of us can be rich, but all of us can better our conditions.
Saving, steady and persistent, will accomplish wonders.
Open an account with us today—with whatever you can spare, then add to it as opportunity permits.
You can save—don't wait until you must regret you didn't.

HOME SAVINGS BANK

Read Star Business Locals.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months, or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $5.00 per year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months. THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1.00; six months, 50 cents, three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications exposing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51. Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable at all, every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

SATURDAY MORNING, FEB. 19, 1916.

TOP O' THE MORNING

Prayer is the only channel through which God's great graces and favors may flow into the soul; and if this be once closed, I know no other way He can communicate them.—St. Teresa.

Wilmington's going to have a meat packing house yet.

Yes, let's have that aviation school on the North Carolina Coast.

Those who claim to know say it is pronounced as if it were Brand-eyes.

When we differ with Congress we ought to know that the difference is always in favor of Congress.

All of us learn sooner or later that "father was right," and that mother's advice should have been taken.

Now and then we hear of Steeple Jack, but old Apple Jack seems to be lurking afar off in the realm of the dodo.

An old friend says when a fellow claims that he is conservative he doesn't want to take the trouble to be different from the general run of folks.

We ought to have a high grade highway connecting the State's chief seaside resort with North Carolina's chief mountain resort—and we'll have it one of the days.

Those Republicans who have been nagging at District Attorney Hammer seem to have bitten off more than they could chew. An old philosopher says a nagger is the hyena of society.

Of course, we understood all the time that those charges against District Attorney Hammer were brought for political purposes. If he had been a Republican, we would never have heard of them.

Mr. Richard Metcalf, who has challenged Colonel Bryan to a joint debate on preparedness, is well known to the Nebraskan. Mr. Metcalf edited the Commoner for Colonel Bryan when the Colonel had to look after politics.

Well, if they are going to establish an aviation school and training camp in North Carolina, of course somewhere in the vicinity of the State's seaport is the proper and logical place for it, but it's up to us to tell them so and prove it.

Of course, well drained land will not produce any more corn and other farm crops than undrained soil—so long as it remains in the woods or uncultivated. Drainage is only a part of the development, but a very important part, in fact an essential part.

According to the Abbeville (S. C.) Medium, Mr. W. H. Long, an Abbeville county farmer, is selling home-raised hay in Abbeville. He finds that it pays to sell hay instead of buying it. Besides his cotton and other crops, Mr. Long has cleared about $500 on his hay crop.

Editor Joe King gave the Trinity College students of the newspaper game a whole chapter of wisdom when he said, "Young men, for God's sake, tell the whole truth and stop." So many of the young scribes and older ones, too, are prone to "stop" too late, and yet too early to tell the "whole truth."

It is stated that Colonel Bryan will oppose the nomination of President Wilson at the St. Louis convention in June. He may or he mayn't, but the Nebraskan will cut less ice in that convention than he did at the Baltimore convention, when he forced the nomination of Wilson. He will hardly be able to undo what he did at Baltimore.

The Robesonian advocates sanitary individual drinking cups at soda fountains in Lumberton like we have in Wilmington and like the ladies of Wilson have induced the soda fountain proprietors of that city to provide. We infer from what he says that Editor Sharpe would be willing to pay a cent extra for a sanitary cup to drink his from.

NATIVE SPUNK IN MANUFACTURING

We still hear too much about inviting or inducing outsiders to come to North Carolina and establish industries. We don't know of an industrial center in the South that has been created by waiting for outsiders to come in and get all the credit for it. In most instances of Southern development it has been the result of native spunk or Southern initiative, aided by Northern capital.

Northern capital, of course, has been attracted on its own account by the many fine opportunities in the South, but this influx of industrial newcomers has been only supplemental to the industrial movement initiated and successfully carried on by Southerners. In those communities which have developed, they have welcomed Northern capital but have not waited till it came. Really, they have a way of their own of going after Northern capital and getting it.

In the Manufacturers' Record of February 17 we find an inspiring article concerning two North Carolina industries which have been built up in a substantial and solid way by native spunk and genius. The two industries referred to are two factories at Elkin, N. C., one for the manufacture of blankets and the other for the manufacture of shoes. These industries have been the successful outcome of North Carolina initiative, and they have depended on local capital and help. Elkin blankets and shoes have become famous and a special correspondent of the Manufacturers' Record writes an inspiring account of the success and progress of the two Elkin industries. Indeed it moved Editor Edmonds to introduce the article by this stirring editorial commendation:

"At Elkin, N. C., a town credited by the census of 1910 with only 886 population, there has been developed a blanket industry which has carried the Elkin blanket to the uttermost parts of the earth. There is also a shoe factory turning out a thousand pairs of shoes a day.

"As in the industrial development of High Point, N. C., the Grand Rapids of the South as a furniture manufacturing center, the industries at Elkin were built up by local men and local money, instead of waiting for somebody to come in from the outside and bring energy and money for industrial development. Three men who lived in Elkin started the blanket industry and the shoe industry, relying on their own ability and such means as they could find at hand. Herewith is presented an inspiring story of the great success these two industries have achieved.

"The people of North Carolina are called the Yankees of the South. The successful establishment of industries all over the State by native North Carolinians justifies the credit which is given these people for thrift, industry and ability in business. Their achievements are an inspiration as well as a rebuke to such communities throughout the South as are contented to importune outsiders to bring their energy and money and start industries which would unquestionably thrive, but which local people lack the initiative and enterprise to undertake.

"The lesson that Elkin teaches should be learned everywhere and should inspire action in every city of the South."

Beginning with a capital of $5,000 in 1877, Messrs. Alexander Chatham and Thomas Gwyn, of Elkin, a little place then fifty miles from any railroad, put up a small woollen mill to consume the abundance of wool and employ the idle labor to be found in their country. The wool had always been shipped North and there manufactured into goods, but Messrs. Chatham and Gwyn decided that it was not necessary to send the raw material away on such a long trip. This factory occupied a little wooden building on Elkin creek and it was originally crude, but it proved to be a success. Elkin began to manufacture blankets 10 years before a railroad reached it, but the town now has a railroad, most likely on account of its factories.

Far from being the small affair of yore, the Chatham Manufacturing Company, makers of the Elkin blanket, now has a capitalization of $500,000. It operates a well equipped factory at Elkin, and another at Winston-Salem for the manufacture of blankets exclusively. "Wherever in the world clothes are worn, there you will find the Elkin blanket," the correspondent writes. The Elkin blanket is a work of art. The designs run from plain white, with pink and blue borders and stripes, to beautiful plaids and checks whose colorings and effects can not be described. Designs are also worked up for individual and hotel requirements, with monograms or private marks to suit each purchaser. The company is making special designs for the Western Union Telegraph Company and a special Boy Scout blanket, and one of its new specialties is a handsome automobile blanket or robe, beautiful in texture and design. Some of the regular blankets are so pretty in design that they are cut and made into handsome smoking jackets and bath robes.

Mr. Hugh G. Chatham, son of one of the founders of the factory, is now president of the company, and he has a number of capitalists associated with him in the larger industry that has constantly developed from its small beginning. He is now a live and experienced manufacturer, and the correspondent declares that, as the executive head of the concern, "he will never be satisfied with the business of the plant until every bed in the universe is covered with an Elkin blanket." However, as to Elkin's shoe factory, the correspondent writes:

"In the year 1891 Alexander Smith was on the road selling shoes, and selling lots of them. He liked to sell shoes, but he did not like to stay away from home and family 350 days of the year. To sel shoes he must, because that was his business, but to stay on the road was not his business, so his mind turned to ways and means. The retail shoe field in Elkin was too small, so he made the world his territory by manufacturing the shoe he sold.

"In the same little wooden building that saw the first Elkin blanket made he started the manufacture of Elkin shoes. His capital in the beginning was just exactly nothing to the cent, but his energy, character and hope were large. So with these, a few employes and fewer machines began making shoes at the rate of 12 pairs per day.

"These 12 pairs of shoes were made the best that human skill could make them, honest all through, of real sure-enough leather, not pretty to look at as far as style went, but every inch a shoe, fulfilling its purpose in that it had a personality behind it. The Elkin shoe has never been made for style nor beauty, but for the man who requires service, and good service at that—the plowman, the digger. Today, as then, they are brogans, a mighty shoe.

"Alexander Smith has no trouble in selling his entire output and then leave orders by the hundred unfilled, because Elkin shoes fill a need that must be filled with Elkin shoes. The output of his factory has steadily increased until today it has a capacity of a thousand pairs a day.

"The little wooden building was outgrown long ago, and is today succeeded by a model industrial plant, where every care is taken of the employe and where the employe takes a personal interest in the product of the factory that makes Elkin shoes.

"The pride in Elkin shoes is not confined to the men who make the shoe nor the people who live in Elkin, for the retail merchant who has them on his shelf has a pride in selling Elkin shoes. Call on him and ask him for the best work shoe that is made, and watch his look of satisfaction in selling something that he knows is good, something that will stay sold.

"In Alexander Smith's modern shoe factory nothing is wasted. Not a scrap of leather as large as a pea but finds its use in the industrial world. If the cuttings and scraps are not used in the manufacture of harness and horse collars, a side line of Alexander Smith's, they go into trunk handles and other useful things.

"The Elkin shoe business stands today as a mark of what a man may do by having honesty of purpose, and putting that purpose into the making of something that is needed by mankind, and making that thing the best that human skill can made it, regardless of the price.

There is no need of our waiting for others to come and establish industries that we can establish ourselves. If we start a good thing in a small way, capital will soon flock to our aid. Native spunk and intelligent initiative is the best dependence of a community.

SCHOOL OF AVIATION FOR NORTH CAROLINA.

In the Senate last Wednesday Senator Overman, of North Carolina, introduced a bill "to establish and maintain an aviation station and training school on the coast of North Carolina." The bill, which was read twice and referred to the committee on Naval Affairs, is as follows:

"Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representative of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized to establish on the coast of North Carolina an aviation station and training school, and for this purpose he is further authorized to receive, by donation or purchase, a suitable tract of land in said State.

"Sec. 2. That the purposes herein named, and for the maintenance of said station and training school, the sum of $200,000 is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, or so much thereof as may be necessary for said purposes and for the erection of all necessary buildings on said lands, the same to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Navy under such rules and regulations as he may provide."

Aviation preparedness certainly is one feature of national defense that is woefully lacking in adequacy. It is not only very necessary to have a more numerous aviation corps and many more larger and better equipped flying machines, but it is primely important for the navy to have aviation stations and training schools where men may be trained for service in that vitally necessary branch for the efficient defense of the country. There is no better place than the North Carolina coast for a station that can be kept isolated and safe from intrusion and espionage.

The government will be compelled to greatly enlarge its aviation auxiliary to both the army and the navy, so there is every reason why Senator Overman's bill should pass.

A MARKET FOR OUR FARMERS

The Star has been advocating the establishment of a packing house in Wilmington, for the reason that it is the only guarantee of a regular market for farmers who produce cattle, hogs and sheep and hope to make it a profitable feature of their farm industry. However, a packing house will not only be a good customer for the livestock section, but it will result in Wilmington's becoming an independent livestock market center to which purchasers from abroad can come to buy.

It was gratifying to read about the practical unanimity which prevailed at the meeting of the Board of Health on Thursday afternoon. Those in attendance were members of the board, the meat dealers of Wilmington and representative farmers of New Hanover county. The subject of interest was the necessity for Federal inspection of all animals slaughtered for consumption in Wilmington, and the consensus views expressed at the meeting tended to the conviction that if the farmers are to have any hope of a future livestock industry they lie in Federal inspection and the sanitary and economic slaughtering which can alone be had at a packing house.

No interest can seriously stand in the way of sanitary inspection of meats before and after slaughtering, if we wish to conserve the health of the people, but if Federal inspection were only nuceded to assure a packing house for Wilmington and a better market for our farmers, all should agree that the sooner we get it the better will it be for all interests, and especially for the livestock industry.

The farmers do not care to raise cattle and hogs and sell them at cost, and they are beginning to realize that the greater the production of animals for a limited market like Wilmington, the poorer prospect they will have each year for their hogs and their meats. The livestock industry of the country is itself to be the chief beneficiary of a packing house and Federal inspection. Otherwise, there can be no prospect ahead for raising cattle and hogs for such a practically small consuming center as Wilmington.

The livestock and packing house industries must develop together, else there will be neither.

Charleston is seeking an appropriation of $170,000 for a channel 1,000 feet wide and 30 feet deep at mean low water from the docks to the sea. If the government expects to make the Charleston navy yard an effective feature of our coast defense on the South Atlantic, she ought to get that channel not only as a commercial but as a naval necessity. Such a channel would be cheap at $170,000.

WORD FOR CONDUCTORS.

Outsider Discusses Difference of Men and Company.

To the Editor of The Star:

As a disinterested outsider, but as one interested in the matter of justice between man and man, I ask for space to make public the position of the conductors in the present difference between the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad and the conductors of that company. To many the protest that the conductors have made to the establishment of an auditing system on the lines of that company has appeared to be an indication that the conductors were grafting and were peeved that this was to be interrupted. Those who have entertained this impression doubtless had in mind the system of train auditors until recently in force on the Southern Railway where the auditor was a uniformed employe of the company and a member of the train crew. However, the system recently inaugurated on the Atlantic Coast Line does not contemplate a uniformed employe of the road and member of the crew but an employe of a foreign organization who is unknown to the train crew, who wears "citizens' clothes" and who has the power to call on the conductor at any time he sees fit, no matter how crowded the train or what the circumstances, to check his accounts. In other words, the conductors—who are for the most part honorable men—will be constantly harassed by an army of "plain clothes" men or detectives whose jobs will depend on the spotting of shortages.

The conductors are perfectly willing that the auditor system shall be put into operation as that will mean that they will be relieved of the responsibility of tickets and fares and will be free to give their time and attention to the running of their trains. What they are protesting against is the imputation of crookedness and the spotting system. As a member of the traveling public, knowing personally a large number of the conductors of the Atlantic Coast Line to be honorable and upright men, I, in the interest of fair play, wish to add my protest to theirs.

Far away be the day when the "gunman system" in the relations between capital and labor will become the vogue in the South, as it is in other parts of the country, or when the Russian spy methods invade this land of the free. FAIRPLAY.

Dillon, S. C.

CURRENT COMMENT

"A first cousin of Theodore Roosevelt wept today in Supreme Court while testifying regarding the coldness of his bride." Can it be that molly-coddles as well as chickens always come home to roost?—Savannah News.

Now shall we be entertained with a clash between Mayor Kirkpatrick, of Charlotte, who says the population of that place is 50,000 and Director Sam L. Rogers, of the Census Bureau, whose figures are for a population of 38,000. Greensboro will please take note of the matter.—Raleigh News and Observer.

On the eve of Washington's Birthday 25,000 amateur licensed wireless operators will give a demonstration of "radio preparedness." The interesting thing to most people will be the evidence given by the demonstration of the remarkable zeal shown by American youth in mastering this new form of communication. If 5,000 boys, or anywhere near that number, have learned wireless telegraphy in the few years in which it has been commercially available, it is apparent that "Young America" has lost none of its traditional progressiveness.—New York World.

The Observer has no complaint at all to make over the government estimate giving Charlotte a population of 30,000 almost eight months ago. It may be regarded as a fact that a town has the full quota of people the government may admit. The census taken in 1910 gave Charlotte 34,014 and from information secured by its agents the government has made an estimate that the city has gained about 4,000 people. Anybody familiar with the growth of Charlotte knows that such an estimate is safely within bounds. This city, were it at all pouty and wanting to waste the money necessary for a police census, could have resort to that old stand-by and shame the government, but the truth is that a home-taken census is discredited at heart by the people of the town and is openly laughed at by the public. It is valueless because of the accepted fact that it was taken to pad the population list of a town, the census takers having small scruples and not hesitating to resort to what might be called legitimately doubtful tactics in uncovering Rooseveltian families and even invading the graveyards. No, sir! The Observer accepts government estimate. Charlotte had as a certainty counted bunch of noses in 1910 a string of 34,014, it is believed at this time to have 38,000 and what it will have in 1920 remains to be seen. There is no use to talk about suburbs. One value attached to the government census is the known fact that its blanket is cut to fit the corporation lines.—Charlotte Observer.

THREE PRISONERS ESCAPE.

Young White Men Break Jail in Cumberland County at Night.

Fayetteville, N. C., Feb. 18.—Jim Riddle, Charley Muse and Will Jones, young white men, escaped from the Cumberland county jail some time between midnight and day. Efforts to apprehend the prisoners had not been reported successful tonight.

Washington, Feb. 18.—The engagement of Miss Irene Langhorne Gibson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson, of New York, to George B. Post, Jr., of New York, was announced here today by her grandfather, Chiswell D. Langhorne.

Health Talks

BY WILLIAM BRADY, M.D.

The Constipated Infant

THE MOST FREQUENT cause of constipation in young children is improper feeding. Chiefly, the fault is in using a food too poor in fat. Such a food is condensed milk, which has practically no fat left in it, and malted milk, or any of the proprietary cereal baby foods given without fresh milk or cream additions.

Insufficient solid matter in the food, be it fat, sugar or protein, favors constipation, because of the inadequate residue in the bowel.

Breast-fed babies sometimes suffer from constipation. The mother probably requires more outdoor air, more sleep, more suitable food, and, sometimes, less alcohol. Alcohol, in any form, is objectionable in a nursing mother's diet, because it tends to reduce the nutritiousness of the milk. The old idea that ale creates milk is wrong; it may create quantity, as would any excess of fluid in the diet, but it makes poorer milk. Mothers who indulge in alcoholic beverages are notoriously unable to nurse their babies. Often it is wise, when a breast-fed infant is constipated, to put the baby on supplemental bottle feedings, in order to help out, yet not give up nursing.

Any constipated baby being cheated on a cereal food without adequate fresh milk may be advantageously put upon a diet of raw certified or otherwise assuredly pure milk. For a baby under six months, the milk may be diluted at first. If diluted, the diluting fluid should be oatmeal water.

Constipation in a baby almost always means wrong feeding. Of course now and then a baby has some organic defect causing constipation.

At the age of six months it is a good idea to begin giving any baby orange juice—a teaspoonful or two an hour before one or two feedings a day. At nine or ten months thin oatmeal gruel, cooked for three hours in a steam-cooker, may be added to a baby's diet, especially if there is constipation. Prune juice, peach juice or any other fresh fruit juice may be given to babies from six to eight months upward in age.

For constipation the most vicious remedy, we think, is castor oil. It binds the bowel next day—creates a "vicious circle"—the more you give, the more you have to give.

The bitter (not the aromatic) fluid extract of cascara, given night and morning, a few drops in a teaspoonful of water, is an ideal laxative for habitual use, if the baby's bowels cannot be regulated by proper diet, regular habit and patience.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Paralysis After Diphtheria

What causes the paralysis of the throat following diphtheria? The child was seven years old and received in all 8,000 units of antitoxin.

Answer—Insufficient antitoxin. Antitoxin not given early enough. Antitoxin spread over several inadequate doses, instead of being administered in one dose of 5,000 to 30,000 units. In many cases the paralysis clears up promptly if more antitoxin is used as treatment for it. It is caused by the diphtheria poison un-neutralized.

Country Life for Chorea

Would it help a girl (fourteen) with St. Vitus' Dance if she were to move to the country?

Answer—Yes, if the country home is quiet.

Dr. Brady's Questions and Answers

We request that the following correspondents send stamped, addressed envelopes for private reply: J. S. C., Miss M. H., E. J., M. T. D., Mrs. R. E. H., Mrs. F. F. F., W. S. R., J. F. M. C., Thankful, G. C., Mrs. H. B., Mrs. M. G., Mrs. E. A., and a lady in Richmond who gives no name.

[Protected by The Adams Newspaper Service]

DAVID'S

ANNOUNCING THE FIRST SHOWING

—of—

STETSON HATS

—and—

MANHATTAN SHIRTS

For Spring 1916

STETSON HATS for spring are shown in new shapes that are original in style and distinctive in colorings. You will find here the hat that suits your head as well as your ideas of good dress. Price $3.50.

MANHATTAN SHIRTS are shown in a wide variety of soft and stiff cuffs. These high grade madras shirts are rich in colorings and are of various striped patterns. Price $1.50 and up.

The A. David Company

The Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

Make Home Comfortable

Head Off The Cold Spells With a Vortex Heater

A Hatful Of Cheapest Coal Costs One Cent

Lasts Over Night in

THE ORIGINAL

Vortex Hot Blast

Guarantee to save you $16.00 to $25.00 in fuel every year. Guaranteed to stay tight always. Burns Hard Coal, Soft Coal, Wood or Coke without change of any fixture. A size for every use on hand here.

Come and see them, or write for Catalogue and Prices.

N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO.

10 and 12 South Front Street

JUST RECEIVED

Car load Maxwell Cars, selling for .. ..$ 655.00 F. O. B. Detroit

Car load Studebaker Cars .. ..1,050.00 F. O. B. Detroit

Car load Studebaker 4 cyl .. .. 885.00 F. O. B. Detroit

Car load Hudson, 6 cyl .. ..1,350.00 F. O. B. Detroit

We have some good values in used cars, and anything in the accessory line. We also carry the famous Pennsylvania Tires, that are guaranteed for 6,000 miles, adjustments on casing, if any, made right here in our office. It will pay to use this tire. For fast and lasting service, 'phone 614.

Lassiter-McDuffie Co., Inc.

114 NORTH SECOND ST.

WRITE US TODAY

And Let Us Send You Catalogues and Price Lists of

Cook Stoves, Ranges and Heating Stoves

—also—

FIRE DOGS, FIRE FENDERS, SHOVELS AND TONGS, AND FIRE PLACE GRATES.

Cold Weather Will Soon be on us, so Don't Delay in Preparing to Furnish Your Trade With Cold Weather Necessities.

A Complete Stock. Orders Filled Promptly.

J. W. MURCHISON & COMPANY

WHOLESALE HARDWARE

URIC ACID SOLVENT

50 Cent Bottle (32 Doses) FREE

Just because you start the day worfried and tired, stiff legs and arms and muscles, an aching head, burning and bearing down pains in the back—worn out before the day begins—do not think you have to stay in that condition.

Be strong, well and vigorous, with no more pains from stiff joints, sore muscles, rheumatic suffering, aching back or kidney disease.

For any form of bladder trouble or weakness, its action is really wonderful. Those sufferers who are in and out of bed half a dozen times a night will appreciate the rest, comfort and strength this treatment gives.

To prove The Williams Treatment conquers kidney and bladder diseases, rheumatism and all uric acid troubles, no matter how chronic or stubborn, if you have never tried The Williams Treatment, we will give one 50c. bottle (32 doses) free if you will cut out this notice and send it with your name and address, with 10c. to help pay distribution expenses, to The Dr. D. A. Williams Company, Dept. 1232-E, General P. O. Block, East Hampton, Conn. Send at once and you will receive by parcel post a regular 50c. bottle without charge and without incurring any obligations.

Quickest, Cheapest, Best

Deliveries. Prices. Workmanship.

Stacks, Tanks, Iron, Steel.

Iron, Brass and Aluminum Castings.

CAPE FEAR MACHINE WORKS

Church and Surry Streets. Phone 213.

WILL HEAR ALL SIDES OF THE CONTROVERSY

Judge Chambers Begins Mediation Comferences

Mr. J. E. White Also Here and Invites Fullest Investigation of His Auditing System—Makes Statement.

Holding conferences yesterday afternoon with the officials of the Atlantic Coast Line and also with representatives of the conductors of this road, Judge William A. Chambers, of the United States Board of Mediation and Conciliation, who arrived yesterday morning in this city from Washington, D. C., took the initial step of what is hoped will result in an amicable settlement of the controversy that has arisen because of the putting on of the White Audit system by the Coast Line to which the trainmen have made objection.

Judge Chambers came to Wilmington at the invitation of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, which decided early in the week, following the referendum vote of the conductors to back up the general adjustment committee in its demand that the new auditing system be taken off, to invoke the services of the Board of Mediation and Conciliation.

Judge Chambers will hear all sides of the controversy and will hold other conferences today. Immediately after his arrival yesterday he wrote President J. R. Kenly, of the Atlantic Coast Line, asking for a conference at 2 o'clock, and to Mr. W. W. Clark, third vice-president of National O. R. C., and Mr. S. J. Brooks, chairman of the general adjustment committee of the A. C. L. conductors, requesting a conference with this committee at 5 o'clock.

The conferences were largely for the purpose of enabling Judge Chambers to fully inform himself as to the different sides of the controversy. President Kenly and other officials of the Coast Line met him at his rooms in the Orton Hotel and presented the railroad's side of the question, while Mr. Clark and the members of the conductors' adjustment committee spent an hour or more going over their side of the proposition. Judge Chambers will hold other conferences today.

Mr. White Here.

Mr. J. E. White, of Chicago, Ill., who originated the White Audit system, which is now in use on a number of railroads, arrived in Wilmington this week and Mr. Wm. F. Slaton, Jr., of Atlanta, Ga., attorney for the White Audit system, is also here. They are guests at the Orton Hotel.

Mr. White, when seen last night by a Star representative, declared that he welcomed the fullest investigation of the system used by him in auditing the accounts of the railroad conductor. He stated that it is in use on 39 different railroad systems and has met with approval in each instance. Attorney Slaton made the following statement:

"The White Audit system is the friend and not the enemy of the conductors and holds out to them the olive branch. It is our desire in a courteous and proper manner to check them just as bank cashiers and bookkeepers and people in fiduciary relations generally are checked. This eliminates the dishonest employe and prevents the temptation to others to be dishonest. To this there can be no objection in sense or logic."

Mr. White declares that his auditing system is not a "spotter" method, but that it is conducted as any other legitimate auditing system is done. He disclaims that it is in any sense a system of espionage, but states that in each instance the conductor is furnished with a copy of the result of the audit.

Has Had Wide Experience.

Judge Chambers when seen last by The Star representative, stated that in nine cases out of ten the Board of Mediation is successful in bringing about an amicable settlement of controversies between employers and employes through mediation, but that in the event he was not able to effect an agreement he would then make an effort to secure arbitration.

The Mediation and Conciliation Board is composed of Hon. Martin A. Knapp, judge of the United States Circuit court, and Judge Chambers. It was created by an act of Congress in 1913 and has jurisdiction in controversies between employers and employes, where the relations directly concerns the welfare of the public.

Judge Chambers, who is a native of Georgia, has long been prominent in public life, having resided in Washington, D. C., since 1890. He was the American member of the Berlin Treaty Commission in 1893, which with representatives of Germany and Great Britain settled the disputes between the natives of the island of Samoa in the Southern Pacific ocean and foreigners with reference to land titles. Judge Chambers also served as chief justice of the international court at Apia on that island from 1897 to 1901. From 1901 to 1905 he was a member of the Spanish War Claims committee.

TO RUN FOR SOLICITOR.

K. O. Burgwin Will Oppose County Solicitor George Peschau in Primary.

That K. O. Burgwin, a popular young Wilmington attorney, will be a candidate for county solicitor to succeed County Solicitor George Peschau, was learned last night from his close friends. Several weeks ago it was stated that Mr. Burgwin would likely be a candidate. He has finally decided to "throw his hat in the ring," his friends say, and they predict that his entry will make the contest a lively one.

That Councilman W. F. Jones will also be a candidate for country solicitor is also probable, but he has as yet made no announcement as to his intentions. County Solicitor Peschau has made no announcement but that he will be candidate to succeed himself is assured.

Mr. Burgwin has been practicing law in Wilmington for several years and is well equipped for the duties of county solicitor.

Death of Young Son.

Many friends will sympathize tenderly with Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Kermon in the death of their young son, which occurred yesterday morning at 1 o'clock at their home, No. 500 Dawson street. He was two and a half years of age. The funeral was conducted yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock from the residence by Rev. W. R. Noe, rector of the Church of the Good Shepherd. The interment was in Bellevue cemetery.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR LAWYERS

Who Bring Suits For Clients in Bankruptcy, Issued by Judge H. G. Connor, of Eastern District.

Judge H. G. Connor, United States judge for the Eastern District of North Carolina, on account of the numerous applications being made to the court by attorneys for allowance of fees in proceedings in bankruptcy, has sent to George H. Howell, Esq., referee in bankruptcy in Wilmington, instructions to the effect that lawyers should collect from their clients before bringing a voluntary suit in bankruptcy. The statement from Judge Connor follows:

"Because of the numerous applications being made to the court for allowance of fees in proceedings in bankruptcy, it is deemed advisable and just to counsel that the referees in the several divisions of the district call to the attention of attorneys, practicing in their courts, to the fact that the Bankrupt Act contemplates that, in voluntary proceedings, attorneys will collect from their clients, at or before the time of service rendered, reasonable compensation for preparing and filing the petition and schedules. While it is within the power and discretion of the court to make a single reasonable allowance, to be paid out of the estate for this service, it is desired and advised that counsel arrange the amount and collect same from their clients before the petition is filed. The amount so paid is subject to review upon compaint of creditors. In no case will the court make an allowance, in voluntary proceedings, for services rendered after adjudication.

"In involuntary proceedings, counsel for petitioning creditors are entitled as a matter of right, to a single reasonable allowance for filing the petition and securing the adjudication. In such cases, counsel for the bankrupt is entitled, as a matter of right, to a single reasonable allowance for service rendering in filing the schedule and assisting the bankrupt in complying with the orders of the court. No allowance will be made for other service. Upon election of the trustee at the first meeting of credentials, the estate of the bankrupt vests in him and the cost of its administration is fixed by statute. It is advisable that the trustee secure authority, from the court, when necessary to employ counsel to prosecute or defend suits in which the interest of the estate may be involved, or when the service of counsel in advising him may be required.

"The Bankrupt Act contemplates that the trustee will apply to and secure the direction of the court, in all question of doubt or when discretion is to be exercised, arising in the course of administration of the estate. Save in exceptional case, the referee will submit application for allowance, other than statutory fees, to the creditors at a regular, or if he deem proper, a special meeting. Litigation, involving expense and delay, should not be entered upon until reasonable cause to believe that the interest of the creditors will be promoted, is found and permission is given by the court. The estate of a bankrupt belongs to the creditors and it should not be expended in litigation until they have an opportunity to be heard, or it is found by the court that their interests will be promoted. While, generally, cases in bankruptcy will be referred to the referee of the division, in which the bankrupt resides, the judge will, when in his opinion the convenience of parties and the interest of the creditors will be promoted, refer them to either of the referees in the district. (Bankrupt Act, Sec. 22).

"H. G. CONNOR,
"United States District Judge.
"February 11, 1916."

—Mr. B. F. Keith, of Keiths, is spending a few days in the city on business. Mr. Keith has been greatly pleased to learn of the progress made in securing the new custom house. He, as collector of customs here, took a prominent part in getting the appropriation for the building through Congress.

JUDGES FOR CONTEST NAMED

Window Trimming Event Next Week Promises to Create General Interest—Last Day For Entries.

It is expected that the window trimming contest, of the Chamber of Commerce, will offer many surprises and attract general interest in the community. Sixty Wilmington merchants have signed up as entries to participate in the contest and the announcement of the judges yesterday was an added feature of interest.

The contest will begin Thursday, February 24th, at 7:30 p. m., when the window displays will be disclosed simultaneously at the time mantioned. The displays will remain intact until after Saturday, February 26th. Entries for the contest will not be received after Saturday, February 19th. The judges will be Mrs. William Latimer, of the Housewives' League, and Messrs. Frank Meade and W. L. Parsley.

It will be borne in mind by those merchants who have entered to date, as well as those who contemplate entering, that windows will be judged on a basis giving the small store an equal chance with the large store. The selling qualities of each window, as well as artistic arrangement, will be taken into consideration in determining the grade. This pllaces the merchant with limited space on an equal footing with the merchant with several windows and greater opportunities for an elaborate display. The list of entries is so representative of the best stores of the city that the contest is expected to result in a splendid array of windows throughout the business section. Any merchant who, through an oversight, has failed to receive a letter of invitation to participate in the contest will have an opportunity to come in today.

With the dates of the contest announced, the nature of the awards disclosed and the names of the judges given to the public, there only remains unusual activity on the part of the merchants who have entered in mapping out the kinds of windows that will best display their goods and induce onlookers to buy, and then put these ideas into concrete form in the shape of some of the best window displays Wilmington has ever had. The total list of entries will be announced after today with other details in regard to the general meeting of the Chamber of Commerce on Monday, February 28th, from 6:15 p. m., to 7 o'clock, when the winners willl be announced.

FUNERAL OF MRS. SPRUNT

Services at Residence Attended by Many Friends and Relatives—Interment in Oakdale Cemetery.

In the presence of a large gathering of sorrowing relatives and friends, the funeral of Mrs. James Sprunt, whose death occurred early Thursday morning, was conducted yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock from the residence, No. 400 South Front street. The services were conducted by Rev. Dr. J. M. Wells, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, assisted by Rev. Dr. Alexander Sprunt, of Charleston, S. C.; Rev. Watson Fairley, of Fayetteville, and Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church.

There were many beautiful floral tributes, including large number from individuals and many from organizations with which Mrs. Sprunt had been identified or in which she had been interested. The remains were borne tenderly to Oakdale cemetery and the interment was in the family lot.

The choir of the First Presbyterian church sang several selections. "Peace, Perfect Peace" and "For All Who From Their Labors Rest" were sung at the residence and "How Firm a Foundation" at the cemetery.

The pallbearers were as follows: Honorary, Mr. B. F. Hall, Mr. W. H. Sprunt, Eugene S. Martin, Esq., Dr. E. J. Wood, Mr. Gil Kidder, Mr. Isaac Murchison, Mr. Clayton Giles, Sr., and Mr. H. C. McQueen; active, Col. Walker Taylor, of Wilmington; Dr. W. S. Baer, of Baltimore, Md.; Mr. Charles Hurkamp, of Fredericksburg, Va.; Mr. Shirley Carter, of Baltimore, Md.; Mr. Frank Ellis, of Atlanta, Ga.; Mr. Kenneth Murchison, of New York; Mr. J. W. Murchison and Mr. John R. Murchison, of this city.

Among the out-of-town friends and relatives here for the funeral were the following:

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hurkamp, of Fredericksburg, Va.; Mr. Kenneth Murchison, of New York City; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ellis, of Atlanta, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. Shirley Carter, of Baltimore, Md.; Mrs. James Kyle, of Goldsboro; Mr. J. Hunter Wood, of New York City; Dr. and Mrs. W. S. Bear, of Baltimore; Mrs. J. A. Holmes, of Washington, D. C.; Rev. Dr. Alexander Sprunt, of Charleston, S. C.; Mr. D. H. Lippitt, of Washington, D. C.; Mrs. Price, of Baltimore, Md.; Mr. Daniel Sprunt, of Davidson College; Dr. J. G. deR. Hamilton, of the University of North Carolina; Dr. W. J. Martin, president of Davidson College; Mr. Isaac Murchison, Misses Lula Murchison, Kate Horner, Kate Fairley, Mr. Marshall Williams, Mr. R. W. Bidgood, Rev. Watson Fairley, Mr. and Mrs. Pemberton, Mrs. McDiarmid, of Fayetteville; Dr. Thomas Sprunt, of Baltimore, Md.; Mr. Brown McKoy, of Charlotte; Capt. Walker Meares, of Faison.

ORGANIZATION IS FORMED BY TELEPHONE EMPLOYES

Society Has For Its Object Closer Cooperation of Departments.

For the purpose of promoting the social and educational side of their work and to bring the employes of the different departments of the telephone service in closer co-operation, the employes of the Wilmington branch of the Southern Bell Telephone Company met last night in the rest room of the local offices on Princess street and formed the Wilmington Telephone Society.

Officers were elected as follows: President, Mr. W. K. Howze; vice-president, Mr. S. D. Lucas; secretary and treasurer, Mr. J. S. Pryse. A board of directors was elected composed of Mr. I. O. Wortman, chairman, and Misses Sallie Justice and Elizabeth Silva.

After the election of officers, refreshments were served and Mr. W. M. Wilcox, superintendent of the traffic department of the Charlotte office and president of the Charlotte Telephone Society, made a very helpful address in which he told of the splendid work that the Charlotte Society has done since its organization. With the fine start made last night, Mr. Wilcox predicted that the Wilmington Society would be able to do equally as well, if not better.

In addition to the business meeting last night, there was a pleasant social hour spent. Dancing was one of the enjoyable features. Selections on the Victrola added much to the enjoyment of the evening. The new society starts out with a membership of 39 and it is expected that this will be increased. It is planned to have monthly meetings.

Mr. P. D. Davis, district traffic chief of Raleigh, was a guest at the meeting last night.

DAMAGE IS NOT SERIOUS

Lettuce Did Not Fare so Badly From Cold Snap, Mr. Whitehead States.

Mr. Z. W. Whitehead, editor of the Carolina Truckers' Journal, stated yesterday that, while lettuce in this section was damaged considerably by the recent cold snap, it is not as serious as was first thought. Many of the plants were nipped but if the weather continues favorable, no material shortage is expected in the yield as it is still early and there is plenty of time to put out new plants.

The damage to the lettuce in the vicinity of Charleston and Beaufort, S. C., is also less than was first expected, said Mr. Whitehead, who has been in correspondence with the truckers of that section. He thinks that the damage from the cold weather will not amount to more than 10 to 15 per cent. on the crop that has already been planted.

ANOTHER COLD WAVE

Weather Man Says Temperature Will Fall Twenty Degrees by Sunday

Just when the Weather Man, the ground hog, the rainbow and all the other contributors to our meteorological conditions had been forgiven and forgotten in the beautiful, balmy spring day of yesterday, after the freeze of the earlier part of the week, here comes again the Weather Man, that arch offender and conspirator, and predicts most gravely that we are in for another cold wave. The warning was sent out last night and it reads this wise:

"Cold wave; temperature will fall 20 degrees or over by Sunday morning."

And so; prepare to again meet the plumber and reckon with the coal and wood man. A drop in the temperature was already noticeable last night. For North Carolina the general forecast is "Fair and colder with a cold wave Saturday. Sunday fair with rising temperature."

THE RUSSIAN EXILE SYSTEM

Its Horrors as Explained by W. Blanchard Moore, Who Will Lecture at Y. M. C. A. Today

"It has been my privilege to make the personal acquaintance of many of the Russian exiles who have been banished to the mines and perpetual snows of Siberia," says Mr. W. Blanchard Moore, who will lecture at the Y. M. C. A. this afternoon and tonight, "and this knowledge has given me well settled opinions regarding their character, surroundings and frightful nature of the punishment meted out to those exiles."

Mr. Moore will speak to the children and any others who may desire to attend this afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A. and tonight he will give another lecture on Russia. Both lectures will be illustrated with stereopticon views and moving pictures. Tomorrow afternoon he will speak in the gymnasium of the Y. M. C. A. at 4:45 o'clock. Her subject will be "Palestine."

"The history of the political exile system in Russia," says Mr. Moore, "is most interesting and pathetic throughout. The first mention of exile in Russian legislation is in 1648, but companies of criminals were sent out to Siberia soon after its discovery and conquest. At that time the Russian criminal code was almost incredibly brutal and barbarous. Many of its details were too cruel and gruesome to relate. Men were impaled on sharp sticks, hanged and beheaded by hundreds, for offenses that would not now be regarded as capital in any civilized country, while lesser offenders were flogged with the knout, beaten with the bastinado, usually on the soles of the feet, branded with hot irons, suspended in the air by hooks, and mutilated by amputations, until they died a lingering and miserable death.

"The government at length determined upon the Siberian exile system for two reasons: One, to rid the community of criminals, and two, to save the government the expense of caring for offenders. The vast, unpeopled stretches of Siberia also demanded a new policy: the development of the vast regions of the North.

"Toward the close of the seventeenth century, laws were passed abolishing personal mutilation as a punishment and substituting banishment to Siberia for the offender and his family. The most trifling offenses were seized upon to populate these regions, such as prize fighting, fortune telling, snuff-taking, begging or pretending to be in distress. Later in 1753 capital punishment was abolished and offenders were committed to perpetual exile at hard labor. The exiles were driven in troops like cattles to Siberia. It was a common sight to see a grim procession, headed by mounted soldiers, guarding prisoners with chains and fetters on their legs, the clanking of which made a lugubrious noise. Others were secure by the hands to long iron rods, then would follow female prisoners, and after them the most touching part of the procession —the wives and children, whose husbands and fathers they chose to accompany into exile. Then followed the telegals, or rough wagons, transporting children, baggage, and prisoners too old or infirm to walk."

ARE STILL COMING IN.

Members Campaign of Chamber of Commerce Continues—New Members.

At a meeting of the membership committee of the Chamber of Commerce, held yesterday, nine additional applicants for membership in the organization were reported. This brings the total to 50 new members secured by this committee during the campaign. The addition of new members will supplement the work of the chamber and will mean more general activities in the interest of Wilmington. The membership committee is working energetically for the general good of the organization and the results accomplished have been most satisfactory.

Applicants for membership reported yesterday are as follows: C. F. Howell & Co., lumber dealers; J. W. Blake, electrician; J. G. Osterman, builder; A. Rallam O'Brien, engineer and contractor; May Bros. delicatessen; J. E. Hatch, contractor; E. T. Burton, Esq., attorney; R. E. Williams, real estate; and Schloss-Bear-Davis Co., livery and sales.

POLICEMAN J. H. DEW DEAD

Veteran Member of Force Dies After Illness With Pneumonia.

Mr. John H. Dew, for the past 18 years a member of the Wilmington police force, well-known and highly esteemed by all in the circle of his acquaintance, died early last night at his home on Fourth street, between Nixon and Taylor, after only a few days' illness wth pneumonia.

Mr. Dew was 68 years of age and last Tuesday night, after reporting for duty, complained at headquarters that he had a sever chill and would have to go home. He immediately took to his bed, pneumonia developed, and although everything possible was done for him, the disease had too firm a grasp upon his constitution and he passed away at the time stated. Few of his friends even knew that he was seriously ill.

Mr. Dew for many years was watchman at the turpentine distillery of the George L. Morton Co., when the plant was located on this side of the river, near foot of Brunswick street. He joined the police force shortly after the revolution here in 1898 and for a number of years was assigned to duties at the police station as patrol wagon driver. Upon the introduction of the motor patrol some months ago, he was given regular duty outside as a patrolman and appeared to like the more active duty splendidly, even remarking several times that his health had been the best in years. His friends were totally unprepared for the shock that went with the announcement of his death.

He was preceded to the grave by his wife several years ago and since that time had lived with his sister, Mrs. J. L. Callahan and Mrs. J. M. Newton, who are the only surviving members of the family and have the sympathy of friends in their bereavement.

The funeral will be conducted at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon from Bladen Street M. E. church, of which Mr. Dew was a member, and the interment will be in Bellevue cemetery. His comrades on the police force as a mark of respect to him will attend the obsequies in a body and will send a special floral design.

COUNTY CONVENTION MONDAY.

New Hanover Republicans Will Name Delegates to State Convention.

Mr. J. W. Brooks, chairman of the New Hanover Republican committee, and Mr. D. L. Lennon, secretary of the committee, yesterday issued a call for the holding of a county convention in Wilmington next Monday for the purpose of electing delegates to the State Republican convention and also possibly to the Congressional and Judicial conventions.

There will be a number of other matters to be considered and there will likely be quite a number of Republicans in attendance.

—Mr. W. E. Merritt, superintendent of the water and sewerage department for the city of Wilmington, is highly pleased with a test made of the waterworks boilers for the purpose of determining the number of pounds of steam produced from each pound of coal. The average was 10½ pounds of steam for each pound of coal, which is, it is stated, about 21 per cent above the usual average. New grates are now being installed which is expected tot prove of still greater help.

GRANDFATHER USED IT 50 YEARS AGO

CUTS A COLD SHORT — CHECKS A COUGH AT ONCE

DR. BULL'S Cough Syrup

PURE-QUICK-SURE

ENDORSED BY THOUSANDS.

PRICE, 25 CENTS.

Mrs. A. Hamming writes: "*Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is excellent. There are six in our family that use it and no other.*" (Residence, 1119 Townsend St., Detroit, Mich.)

FREE TEST Write for trial bottle to A. C. Meyer & Co., Sta. E, Baltimore, Md. Mention paper.

HOW MONEY HELPS TO MAKE THE MAN

OFFICERS:

H. C. McQUEEN . . . . . Comptroller
F. W. DICK . . . . . President
M. J. CORBETT . . . . Vice-President
J. HOLMES DAVIS. . . . . Cashier
J. H. GERDES . . Assistant Cashier

Money in the Bank is More Than Money—it is Character. The man with a Bank Account is seldom out of work.. His thrift is recognized. It makes him a good workman. If a man is to be selected for promotion, the man with a Bank Account is apt to be chosen. He is looked upon as a reliable man. He is a good citizen. This BANK Solicits the Accounts of Wage-Earners, Farmers, Merchants, Ladies and Children, and All Others who wish to become thrifty. It does not matter how small your first deposit may be, it will be none the less appreciated. Bring your money down today and start an account with

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

CORNER FRONT AND PRINCESS STREETS.

Principal

The savings bank pays you some interest; but its main object is not to enable you to make money on interest, but to assist you TO INCREASE YOUR PRINCIPAL.

Nobody ever got rich on the interest a savings bank pays.

The interest is just handed you as an ENCOURAGEMENT to add more to your principal.

The savings bank will help you accumulate CAPITAL which you will some day need, and may make you rich.

NOW is a Favorable Time to Open a Savings Account with us, as our NEW INTEREST QUARTER will begin March 1st.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

110 PRINCESS STREET.

Capital and Surplus . . . . . $ 400,000.00
Resources 2,750,000.00

Belk-Williams Co.

210-212 North Front Street
Wilmington, North Carolina

This Store is Assuming Its Spring-time Garb

New Arrivals in Every Department---Showing

The Advance Styles for Spring in Smart "Coat Suits," "Sport Coats," "Silk Dresses," "Shirt Waists," "Muslin Underwear" Now Ready for Your Inspection.

NEW COAT SUITS IN TODAY.

Made of Fine All-Taffeta Silk and Combination Serge and Silk; the Very Newest; Also New Line Serges and Poplins. $16.95, $17.95, $18.95, $22.50, $24.95.

COME SEE THESE PRETTY SPORT COATS.

Plaids, Checks, Plain White and Creams, Black and White Checks, Priced at Only, $4.75, $4.95, $5.95, $6.95, $9.95, $13.95.

New line Brassieres, in today . . 48c
Beautiful line Boudoir Caps, made of all silk and lace trimmed . . 48c
See our Leather Turbans, the very newest 98c, $1.98
White Middy Blouses 48c, 98c

New line Windsor Ties, in a big variety of colors, in crepe de chine, shaded, floral and plain, 25c, 50c
New line Boys' and Girls' Patent Leather Belts; newest out; red, white, black and brown 25c
White Jap. Silk . . 48c, 69c, 89c, 98c

Pretty line New Seco Silks, yard wide, all colors 25c
Big line All Silk Middy Ties; all colors and black 25c, 50c
Oriental Silks; real Jap. Silks, in blacks that are absolutely spot-proof 48c, 98c

BELK-WILLIAMS CO.

210-212 North Front Street

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Miss Louise Worth left Thursday for New York, where she will spend several weeks.

* * *

Miss Jennie Gilchrist has gone to New York to visit her sister, Mrs. Hunter Wood.

* * *

Mrs. F. S. Sidbury, of Ashton, underwent an operation for appendicitis at the James Walker Memorial Hospital a few days ago.

* * *

Mrs. Walker Taylor and daughter, Miss Virginia Taylor, have gone to Norfolk, Va., where they will visit Mr. and Mrs. Burriss Corprew.

* * *

Lumberton Robesonian: "Mr. D. R. Shaw, of Wilmington, has accepted a position in Grantham Brothers' Drug Store. He began work Tuesday. Mr. Shaw will move his family here soon."

* * *

The Cape Fear Chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, will meet at the W. L. I. armory this afternoon at 4 o'clock. The governing board will meet at 3:30 o'clock.

* * *

Yesterday's Fayetteville Observer: "We are pleased to learn that Mrs. J. C. McAllister, wife of our efficient superintendent of streets, arrived today from Wilmington with her two children, and Mr. McAllister and family will reside in the future at 360 Dick street. We welcome these good people as residents of our city."

* * *

Miss Ruth M. Harvey, daughter of Mr. J. W. S. Harvey, and Mr. David J. Wright were married wednesday evening, the ceremony being performed by Rev. J. P. King. The wedding was at the home of the bride's father and was attended by a large number of friends. Mr. and Mrs. Wright will reside at No. 1611 Castle street.

* * *

VIRGINIA NEWSPAPER MAN HERE ON VISIT TO UNCLE

Mr. Russell B. DeVine, editor and manager of the Daily Telegraph, published simultaneously at the Greenbriar White Sulphur Springs, West Virginia, and Hot Springs, Va., is in the city on a brief visit to relatives. He is a nephew of Maj. W. H. Bernard, and, like many others of the family, has inherited the newspaper instinct. Though just past his majority, he makes up in energy and devotion to his profession what he lacks in age.

* * *

FRANCES WILLARD MEMORIAL SERVICES SUNDAY NIGHT

The Women's Christian Temperance Union will conduct memorial services in honor of Frances Willard, who did so much to advance the cause of temperance, at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church on Sunday night. This service will take the place of the regular Sunday night preaching service. Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, the pastor, will make an address on the life of Frances Willard.

An elaborate musical programme is being prepared under the direction of Miss Julia Post. The public is cordially invited to attend the service.

MANY ATTEND SERVICES.

Funeral of Miss Merle McEachern Held From First Baptist Church.

Attended by a large concourse of sorrowing friends and relatives, the funeral of Miss Merle McEachern, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. McEachern, whose death occurred Wednesday night, was conducted from the First Baptist church yesterday morning at 11 o'clock by Rev. W. Marshall Craig, acting pastor of the church. There were many beautiful floral tributes, bearing testimony to the high esteem in which the deceased was held by a host of friends. The interment was in Bellevue cemetery.

The pallbearers were as follows: Honorary, Dr. W. D. MacMillan, Dr. J. C. Wessell; active, Messrs. M. T. Chisholm, L. F. Gore, O. B. Hinnant, Leon Futrell and R. F. Coleman.

MRS. J. N. JOHNSON DEAD

Woman Well Known in Wilmington Passed Away Yesterday in Goldsboro

Many Wilmington friends will learn with deep sorrow of the death of Mrs. J. N. Johnson, which occurred yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock at her home in Goldsboro. She had been ill only a short time, death being caused by pneumonia. She was 40 years old.

She was well known in this city, having attended school here for a number of years. Before her marriage to Dr. J. N. Johnson, a well-known dentist in Goldsboro, she was Miss Lily Bell Newbury. There are a number of relatives in Wilmington.

Mrs. Graham Farmer, a close personal friend, will leave this morning for Goldsboro to attend the funeral.

LOCAL DOTS.

A special meeting of the Wilmington Ministerial association has been called by the president, Rev. J. A. Sullivan, to be held at the Y. M. C. A. this morning at 10 o'clock.

—There was no Recorder's court yesterday as there was not a single case on the docket. There were no arrests made by the police either on Thursday night nor until late yesterday afternoon.

A—

New Shipment

of

RIKERS TOILET Requisites

just received

A. D. Brown

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Solicitor H. L. Lyon, of Whiteville, was in the city yesterday, a guest at the Orton.

—Mr. A. A. Wells, of Elm City, spent yesterday in the city, a guest at the Orton.

—Mr. E. F. Mallard, of Shallotte, was in the vity yesterday, a guest at the Orton.

—Mr. P. D. Davis, of Raleigh, was registered yesterday at the Holtel Wilmington.

—Mr. J. D. Goldsmith, of Charlotte, was a guest yesterday at the Hotel Wilmington.

—Mr. J. J. Wooten, of Charlotte, was among those registered at the Orton yesterday.

—Mr. H. C. Federa, of Greensboro, was a visitor in the city yesterday, a guest at the Orton.

—Mr. Jno. T. Best, of Burgaw, was a business visitor in the city yesterday, a visitor at the Orton.

—Mr. F. T. Ford, of Whiteville, spent yesterday in the city on business, a guest at the orton.

—Mr. D. T. Chisholm, of Maxton, was among those registered at the Hotel Wilmington yesterday.

—Messrs. P. K. Teachey and Harvey Boney, of Rose Hill, were guests yesterday at the Hotel Wilmington.

—Mr. Paul Vernon, of Southport, was a business visitor in the city yesterday, a guest at the Orton.

—Messrs. A. R. McEachern and G. T. Fisher, of St. Pauls, were registered at the Orton yesterday.

—Mr. G. T. Morgan, of East Arcadia, was among the business visitors in the city yesterday, a guest at the Orton.

—Mr. Sam Houston, of Charlotte, was a business visitor in the city yesterday, a guest at the Hotel Wilmington.

—Mr. O. W. Messick, of Northwest, was among the business visitors in the city yesterday, being a guest at the Hotel Wilmington.

—Mr. A. B. Skelding, general manager of the Tidewater Power Co., has gone to Baltimore, where he will have his eyes treated by a specialist.

—Mr. R. W. Scott, who is superintendent of the farms of the North Carolina Land Company, at Bolton, was in the city yesterday en route to Rocky Mount.

MR. BROOKS AT SOUTHPORT.

Wilmington Business Man Popular in Native County of Brunswick.

"Mr. J. W. Brooks, formerly register of deeds of this county," says Thursday's Southport News, "but now one of the most substantial and progressive business men of Wilmington, visited Southport last week and was most pleasantly greeted by his hundreds of friends here. Mr. Brooks came to attend the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Bank of Southport, of which he has been a director for a number of years. Besides his connection with the Southport institution, Mr. Brooks is also president of the Citizens Bank at Shallotte. There is no man better or more favorably known in Brunswick county than Mr. Brooks and it is always a pleasure for his friends in Southport to greet him on his annual visits here to attend the meeting of the stockholders of the Bank of Southport."

FUNERAL OF MRS. BLAND

Services Will be Conducted This Morning From Grace Church.

The funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth Bland, whose death occurred Thursday night at her home, No. 909 North Third street, will be held from Grace Methodist church this morning at 11 o'clock. The services wil be conducted by the pastor, Rev. M. T. Plyler. The interment wil be in Oakdale cemetery.

Mrs. Bland's death was learned with deep regret by a host of friends who had learned to admire and love her because of her sweet Christian character. There were many who called yesterday at the home to extend sympathy to the bereaved family.

To Conduct Special Services.

Rev William M. Baker will go to Southport todayt o conduct a series of meetings in the Presbyterian church at that place beginning tomorrow and continuing through the week. The different churches of the city will cooperate in the meetings.

MADAGASCANS PLOT REVOLT.

Native Conspiracy Against French Encouraged by Germans.

Paris, Feb. 19.—The Paris Journal's correspondent at Tananarivo says that German agents financed and otherwise encouraged a native plot to overthrow the government of Madagascar on December 31 last. The seat of the conspiracy was at Flanarantsoa and it was planned to poison the French officers and soldiers on New Year's eve and either induce the native troops to join the conspirators or obtain their weapons. The white officials and colonists wehe then to have been massacred.

The plot was revealed to the authorities and already over 200 persons have been arrested. Other arrests are expected. The great bulk of the population has not been affected by seditious propaganda.

The correspondent adds that documents discovered at the German consulate show that plans were made for fomenting an insurrection even before the war broke out.

UNEASINESS OVER BRITISH ORDER REGARDING TOBACCO

Shutting Down of Many Cigar Factories in Cuba is Feared.

Havana, Feb. 18.—The British proclamation prohibiting after March 1, except under board of trade license, importation of manufactured and unmanufactured tobacco, including cigars and cigarettes, is causing much uneasiness in Havana. It is feared that it will result in much distress among the cigar makers and a great loss to manufacturers and planters. All the factories are reducing their output and discharging workers.

Should the appeal of the Cuban minister in London for the British government to except from the operation of the decree contracts for cigars already made, result in failure, many factories would shut down, throwing out of employment upwards of 5,000 cigar makers, for whom government aid would be necessary.

MAY GET AVIATION SCHOOL

Wilmington Offers Many Advantages For Training Camp Proposed by Senator Overman.

Wilmington citizens are much interested in the bill introduced by Senator Lee S. Overman in Congress, providing for the establishment of an aviation school and training camp on the North Carolina coast, for they believe that in all probability, in the event the appropriation of $200,000 is made, that the school would be located in this vicinity. It is stated that there is every reason for believinf that the bill will pass.

Among the places mentioned for the school are Wilmington, Southport, Morehead City and Camp Glenn. The exact location in the event that the bill passes will be left to the Secretary of the Navy.

Wilmington has been proven to be an ideal place for aviation maneuvers. It was the first city in North Carolina to have an aviation meet, this being some four or five years ago when Mr. Frank Herbst brought to Wilmington Lincoln Beachey and McCurdy, both well known aviators in their day.

The flights made by Beachey, who was killed last year when his aeroplane collapsed ,are remembered by Wilmingtonians as being the most thrilling spectacle they hade ever seen up until that time. In fact, it is stated, that was here that Beachey began his career of dare devil stunts that finally led fo his death.

While there are usually strong winds in this vicinity to make it possible to have aeroplane fights, even for beginners, it is only at infrequent intervals that the winds blow with the velocity of a gale. There is no more desirable place on the coast for a aviation school considered from the standpoint of the air.

There are plenty of ideal sites along the Cape Fear river below this city for aviation schools. The land is level and hard and being near the river hydroaeroplanes could also be used to advantage.

The capabilities of Wilmington as a aviation center have been proven on more than one occasion and they do not need to be exploited.

Senator Overman has forwarded a copy of his bill to the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce and the question of securing the school in the event the bill goes through will be taken up at the next meeting of the executive committee of this body.

EDITORS OF MEXICAN PAPER IN LOS ANGELES INDICTED

Two Are Arrested After Fight With Deputy Marshals and Detectives.

Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 18.—Enrique Flores Magon, Richardo Flores Magon and William C. Owen, editors of El Regeneracion, a local Mexican newspaper, were indicted today by a Federal grand jury on a charge of using the mails to incite murder and revolution. Warrants for the trio were issued by Judge Oscar A. Trippett, of the United States District court.

The Magon brothers were arrested tonight after a fight with Deputy United States marshals and city detectives, who invaded their newspaper plant at Ivanhoe, a suburb. Owen, named as editor of the English of the newspaper, has not been found.

During the struggle incident to the arrests Enrique Magon was struck on the head with the butt of a revolver in the hands of an officer. Six Mexican printers and a mixed crowd of about 15 men and women rushed in and sought to prevent the officers from taking the prisoners away, but were cowed by a display of firearms.

The Magon brothers were convicted in the United States District court here in July, 1912, on charge sof violating the neutrality laws in fomenting a revolution in Lower California.

C. C. DANIELS DECIDES TO QUIT GOVERNMENT SERVICE

Declines Post as Assistant Counsel in Indian Lands Cases.

Minneapolis, Minn., Feb. 18.—Charles C. Daniels, brother of Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, who has been handling the several hundred cases brought by the government to set aside land transfers made by Indians on the White Earth Reservation and who was succeeded recently by F. J. Kearful, announced today that he had decided to quit the government service.

A letter from Mr. Daniels to the attorney general declining an appointment as counsel under Mr. Kearful was made public. In this letter Mr. Daniels said he could not agree with the new policy of Mr. Kearful in handling the cases.

ROOSEVELT AT ST. THOMAS.

Colonel Welcomed by Secretary to Governor of Danish Island.

St. Thomas, B. W. I., Feb. 18.—Theodore Roosevelt arrived here today from New York on the steamship Guiana. In the absence of the governor, who is at St. Croix, he was welcomed by the governor's secretary.

Colonel Roosevelt inspected the recently completed harbor works and then drove about the town visiting other places of interest. He dined with the governor's secretary.

The colonel declined to be interviewed on political affairs, saying he had come here for a rest. He will leave St. Thomas tomorrow.

DATE NOT POSTPONED.

Germany Has Not Delayed Date For Inaugurating Attacks on Armed Ships.

Berlin, Feb. 18—(By wireless to Sayville).—The newspapers today publish a New York dispatch which says that the torpedoing of armed merchantmen under Germany's recent memorandum, which was to become effective February 29, has been postponed until April. The foreign office says that no such order has been given and that it is unable to explain the dispatch except on the conjecture that the American government is asking delay. No request for a delay has yet been received here.

HEARING IS ADJOURNED.

Hearing on Brandeis Hearing Will be Reopened Thursday.

Washington, Feb. 18.—No witnesses were ready to be heard today before the Senate judiciary sub-committee considering the nomination of Louis D. Brandeis to the Supreme Court and the hearing was adjourned until next Thursday. Next Tuesday Austen G. Fox, of New York, who has taken charge of the opposition to the nomination on behalf of 54 Boston citizens will submit in executive session an outline of what he intends to present and a list of witnesses, who will be summoned for Thursday.

WOULD SUPPRESS CIGARETTE

Mrs. D. A. Cleage Inaugurates Movement to Stop Smoking Among School Boys in Wilmington.

The suppression of the smoking of cigarettes among the school boys of Wilmington is the object of a movement inaugurated by Mrs. D. A. Cleage, of Knoxville, Tenn., a lecturer of the Anti-Cigarette League of America, who is spending a few days in Wilmington on a visit to friends. Mrs. Cleage will make an address to the members of Sorosis and their friends this afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Sorosis Club rooms on North Third street.

The plan proposed by Mrs. Cleage, which she states has proven of great benefit in the cities and towns in which it has been tried, is to organize a committee of one hundred representative men and women who will take charge of the campaign. The object of the organization she represents, Mrs Cleage states, is to suppress the smoking among school boys and not among men, as it is realized that the most important work that can be done is in an educational way.

"I have no emotional appeal to make, for I realize that the suppression of smoking must be treated as a practical proposition," Mrs. Cleage declared yesterday. "It is not my purpose to take any steps towards having smoking suppressed until we have an organization that will take charge of the movement. If we are unable to do that, then we will let the matter drop. However, I am glad to say that I found 13 men and women in your city today who stated that they would be glad to aid in the movement."

The pledge used by the Anti-Cigarette League obligates the one signing it not to smoke or use tobacco in any form until he is 21 years old. The expense of the campaign of education, by which it is hoped to reach every American boy, is met by voluntary gifts.

Mrs. Cleage has been engaged in the work for several years. She is seeking to establish one town or city in each State in the South as a model for the others and she hopes to put Wilmington on the map in this manner.

SUNDAY SERVICES

First Presbyterian church, corner Third and Orange streets, Rev. John M. Wells, D. D., pastor: Preaching by the pastor in the morning at 11 and in the evening at 8. Subjects of sermons: Morning, "The Sympathy of Jesus," evening, "Golgotha." Sunday school in the afternoon at 3:30. Christian Endeavor in the evening at 7:15. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 8. Pews free and all are cordially invited.

Immanuel Presbyterian church, corner Front and Queen streets, Rev. J. S. Crowley, pastor: Preaching in the morning at 11 and in the evening at 7:30 by the pastor. Sunday school in the afternoon at 3. A cordial invitation is freely extended to all to attend any and all services in this church. Some men above 70 years of age attend the Sunday school and there is room for others—no matter how old. There is plenty of room for the women, too. Children of all ages are placed under the proper teacher for instruction. Parents are invited to attend and to bring their children.

St. Andrews' Presbyterian church, Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. A. D. McClure, D. D., pastor: Preaching at 11 in the morning and at 8 in the evening. Sabbath school at 3:30. Junior C. E. at 4:30. Senior C. E. at 7:15. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 8. Seats free. All welcome.

Pearsall Memorial Presbyterian church, East Wilmington, Rev. W. H. Koelling, pastor: Sabbath school at 10:30 in the morning. Preaching at 11:15. Junior C. E. at 3:30 in the afternoon. Senior C. E. at 7:30. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:30. A welcome to all these services.

Harnett Street Mission, Eighth and Harnett streets, Rev. W. M. Baker, evangelist in charge: Sabbath school at 9:30 in the morning. Preaching each second and fourth Sabbath evenings at 7:30.

Winter Park Presbyterian church, Rev. Andrew J. Howell, pastor: Services tomorrow morning at 11, conducted by the pastor. Sunday school at 3:30. Midweek service Wednesday evening at 7:45. Every one will receive a cordial welcome at the services.

Delgado Presbyterian church: Services tomorrow evening at 7:30, conducted by the pastor. Sunday school at 10:15. Mid-week service Thursday evening at 7:30. The public is invited to attend the services.

ASK FOR and GET

HORLICK'S

THE ORIGINAL

MALTED MILK

Cheap substitutes cost YOU same price.

DO THIS FIRST—YOU!

You know, and every physician knows, that when any sickness has passed, whether it be throat trouble, organic disturbances, contagious diseases, or even a severe cold, a relapse is feared, because sickness robs the system of Nature's resistance and leaves it subject to lingering germs.

Drugs never build up a worn-out body—only food can do that, and the first thing to take after any sickness is the concentrated, blood-making oil-food in Scott's Emulsion, which feeds the tissues, benefits the blood and strengthens both lungs and throat.

Physicians prescribe Scott's Emulsion after sickness. Nurses everywhere advocate it. Scott's is pure medicinal food, without alcohol or drugs.

Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J. 15-22

BUY IN WILMINGTON

YOU HAVE AN EYE FOR BUSINESS
WE HAVE A BUSINESS FOR EYES

WILMINGTON OPTICAL CO.

MILES W. MALONEY, OPTOMETRIST. FRONT AND PRINCESS STS.

Armour's Cloverbloom BUTTER

TRADE MARK

Made in the sweet, pure air of country meadows, it comes to you in air-tight cartons. Cloverbloom is sold at stores where particular people trade because the Armour Oval Label guarantees quality.

Cloverbloom, like the best of each of the Armour products, is marked with the Oval Label

Armour's QUALITY PRODUCTS

Try These:
Star Stockinet Ham
Star Bacon
"Simon Pure" Leaf Lard
Devonshire Farm Sausage
Armour's Grape Juice
Glendale Oleomargarine (Natural Color)
Silver Churn Oleomargarine (White)
And over 200 Veribest Foods

If your dealer hasn't got it phone us his name. You'll be doing us both a favor.

ARMOUR & COMPANY

WILMINGTON, N. C.
R. F. CAMPBELL, Manager, Phone 83.

There's an Armour Oval Label Store near you 129

Armour's CLOVERBLOOM CREAMERY BUTTER

Just a Reminder

That Mr. Albert Rodeman, of Strouse & Bros., will again be at our store on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, February 17th, 18th and 19th, for his semi-annual visit to display our Spring and Summer line of attractive, fashionable, and the season's newest fabrics.

In recognition of your past patronage, we again extend to you our most cordial invitation to call at this time. Mr. Rodeman also offers you his time, attention and experience in the selection of your clothes.

Make a note of this today; likewise, suggest this to your friends, and call during his display. We assume the responsibility of having you entirely satisfied before closing each transaction.

Awaiting your order,

Yours very truly,

J. M. SOLKY & CO.

ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS AND FURNISHERS.

UP-TO-DATENESS—UP TO THE MINUTE.

That's the POINT: We are right there with the goods. Why go any farther? We save you time and trouble. Just 'phone 126 and we will do the rest.

Quick service from Hilton to Sunset Park and from the Water Front to Delgado.

The OLD and the NEW are always fresh with us, because we keep our stock on the move.

PYXIS Toilet Cream.
Hazeloin Cream.
Croxone, Kidney and Bladder remedy.
Parmint, for Catarrh.
Barbo Compound, for the Hair.
May-a-Tone, for the Skin.
Varlex Compound. SARGOL.
Mercolized Wax and Saxolite.
Canthrox, Kardene, Sulfo Solution, Delatone, Beta Quinol, Eggol and a multitude of other articles too numerous to mention.

Just ask US. We have it.

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co.

The ORIGINAL "Quality" Drug-store and "PRESCRIPTION SPECIALISTS.

The Holland Nurseries

EVERGREEN HEDGING
(Amoor River Privet.)

$3.00, $4.00 Per Hundred, Delivered.
Fruit Trees, Roses, Shade Trees, Etc.

LET US FIGURE ON YOUR WANTS.

Larabee's Best Flour

Is richer and stronger than soft wheat flour; makes more and better biscuits, rolls or bread.

FOR BISCUITS—Add more water or milk and work dough soft, Using Less Flour. A sack of Larabee's Best Flour Will Last Longer Than Same Amount of Soft Wheat Flour.

LARABEE'S BEST FLOUR has about twenty-five per cent. more gluten than soft wheat flour, and the absorption is greater.

Biscuits, rolls or bread made from Larabee's Best Flour have a RICH, NUTTY FLAVOR not found in soft wheat flour.

LARABEE'S BEST FLOUR ground from selected Kansas hard wheat, milled by a special slow process which retains the natural wheat flavor. Ask your grocer for it.

It is Not Bleached or Artificially Whitened.

F. E. HASHAGEN & CO.
DISTRIBUTORS FOR WILMINGTON, N. C.

SIBERIA

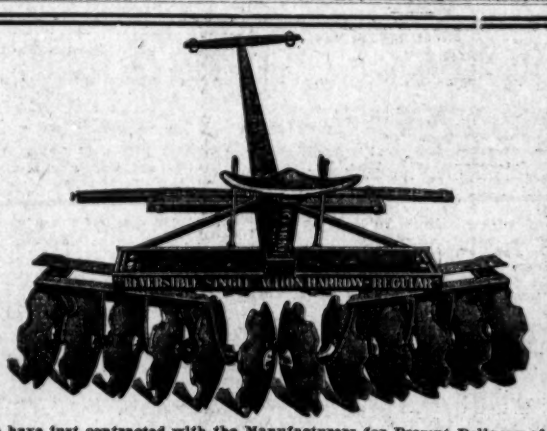
ILLUSTRATED LECTURE

By W. BLANCHARD MOORE,
Famous Traveler and Lecturer

Y. M. C. A.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 19th.

MATINEE .....10 cents. NIGHT .....25 cents.



We have just contracted with the Manufacturers for Prompt Delivery of a Carload of the Celebrated Clark's Cutaway Harrows, of all styles and sizes. We can safely say after forty years' experience in handling Agricultural Implements that these Harrows are absolutely the Best Goods on the Market Today. No Farmer Can Afford to be Without One.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.

DISTRIBUTING AGENTS FOR EASTERN CAROLINA.

NORTHAM'S

CALL, AND LET US SHOW YOU OUR $1.00 BOSTON PENCIL SHARPENER.

Northam's Book and Stationery Store

101 Princess St. 'Phone 651.

COAL! BUILDERS' SUPPLIES!

LARGE STOCKS. PROMPT DELIVERY
"LET US SERVE YOU"

W. B. THORPE & CO

'PHONE 789.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

SLIGHT ADVANCE IN COTTON

Market Characterized by Continued Nervousness—Selling Less Active Than Thursday.

New York, Feb. 18.—Continued nervousness characterized the cotton market today but selling was much less active than yesterday and, after an early decline to 11.64 for May contracts, the market rallied with that delivery selling up to 11.78 and closing at 11.77. The general list closed steady at a net advance of 1 to 4 points.

Liverpool was better than due, but there were many over-night selling orders. After opening barely steady at a decline of 3 to 8 points, active months sold 7 to 11 points under last night's close. March contracts touching 11.39, July 11.84, and October 12.04.

Liverpool houses were large buyers particularly of July, local spot houses were willing buyers of March at 25 points under May, and there was a further scattering demand from recent local sellers.

The market steadied consequently, and trading later was less active. March sold up to 11.53, July 11.98, and October to 12.16 in the late trading, or about 12 to 14 points above the low level of the morning. Closing prices were at practically the best point of the day.

Closed steady.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
March	11.45	11.53	11.39	11.52
May	11.68	11.78	11.64	11.77
July	11.89	11.98	11.84	11.97
October ...	12.08	12.16	12.04	12.15
December..	12.22	12.30	12.20	12.29

Spot cotton quiet; middling uplands 11.55; no sales.

PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans—Middling 11.87; receipts 1,782; exports 2,186; sales 3,686; stock 446,127.

Galveston—Middling 11.85; receipts 3,307; sales 571; stock 302,639.

Mobile—Middling 11.12; receipts 371; sales 135; stock 20,601.

Savanah—Middling 12; receipts 2,845; exports 5,200; sales 100; stock 176,599.

Charleston—Middling 11¾; receipts 286; stock 83,113.

Wilmington—Receipts 133; stock 50,733.

Norfolk—Middling 11.38; receipts 1,310; sales 161; stock 133,787.

Baltimore—Receipts 359; stock 3,699.

Boston—Middling 11.60; receipts 996; exports 668; stock 12,617.

Philadelphia—Middling 11.30; receipts 74; stock 3,207.

New York—Middling 11.55; exports 2,514; stock 339,836.

Minor Ports—Receipts 2,430; exports 14,362; stock 46,659.

Total today—Receipts 16,893; exports 25,330; stock 1,586,617.

Total for week—Receipts 140,807; exports 139,146.

Total for season—Receipts 5,299,783; exports 3,251,800.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Middling 11.75; receipts 4,896; shipments 10,665; sales 5,309; stock 187,510.

Memphis—Middling 11.75; receipts 2,826; shipments 3,087; sales 600; stock 283,364.

Augusta—Middling 11.38; receipts 431; shipments 1,762; sales 315; stock 172,003.

St. Louis—Middling 11¾; receipts 10,784; shipments 11,224; stock 17,538.

Cincinnati—Receipts 651; shipments 381; stock 16,428.

Little Rock—Middling 11.38; receipts 663; shipments 15; sales 15; stock 35,811.

Dallas—Middling 11.30.

Montgomery—Middling 11.25; sales 9.

Total today—Receipts 19,750; shipments 27,134; stock 712,644.

HESTER'S WEEKLY STATEMENT.

Comparisons are to actual dates, not to close of corresponding weeks. In thousands bales:

In sight for week, 241.

In sight same seven days last year, 457.

In sight for the month, 638.

In sight same date last year, 1,282.

In sight for season, 9,450.

In sight same date last year, 11,580.

Port receipts for season, 5,300.

Port receipts same date last year, 7,748.

Overland to mills and Canada for season, 817.

Overland same date lats year, 753.

Southern mill takings for season, 2,664.

Southern mill takings same date last year, 2,077.

Interior stocks in excess of August 1st, 669.

Interior stocks last year, 1,002.

Foreign exports for week, 139.

Foreign exports same seven days last year, 407.

Foreign exports for season, 3,251.

Foreign exports same date last year, 4,856.

Northern spinners' takings and Canada for week, 78.

Northern spinners' takings same seven days last year, 77.

Northern spinners takings for season, 1,906.

Northern spinners' takings to same date last year, 1,956.

Statement of World's Visible Supply.

Total visible this week, 5,839.

Total visible last week, 5,791.

Total visible same date last year, 7,361.

Of this the total American this week, 4,280.

Total American last week, 4,319.

Total American last year, 5,904.

All other kinds this week, 1,558.

All other kinds last week, 1,471.

All other kinds last year, 1,457.

Visible in the United States this week 2,694.

Visible in the United States this date last year, 2,959.

Visible in other countries this week, 3,145.

Visible in other countries this date last year, 4,402.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, Feb. 18.—Spot cotton easier; good middling 8.09; middling 7.82; low middling 7.46. Sales 5,000; for speculation and export 500; receipts 8,000.

Futures, very steady: February 7.67½; February and March 7.63; March and April 7.62½; April and May 7.60; May and June 7.58½; June and July 7.55½; July and August 7.53; August and September 7.44; September and October 7.37; October and November 7.32; November and December 7.28; December and January 7.25; January and February 7.21.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF COTTON

Market Extremely Unsettled, With Prices Going Into Lowest Ground Since Early Autumn.

New York, Feb. 18.—The cotton market has been extremely unsettled during the past week and prices have worked into the lowest ground reached since early last autumn as a result of heavy near month liquidation. March contracts, for instance sold as low as 11.33 on the break of Thursday or $6.65 per bale under the high level of last month and more than $10 a bale under the high records of the season. Renewed nervousness over inteinational politics, the continued scarcity of ocean tonnage, apprehensions of increased acreage, and the usual vague rumors of increased spot offerings have doubtless contributed to the decline but the selling movement have been more largely attributed to the possibility of heavy March notices next Thursday. Large stocks of cotton have accumulated in local warehouses, and the old long interest in March contracts, evidently felt little disposition to take up actual while weakness in the near months started general liquidation in the case of May and July. It is calculated that the cost of carrying cotton here amounts to somewhere in the neighborhood of 12 points per month, and as the differences between months widened to about these figures spot or banking interests became good buyers of March against sales of later deliveries. This combined with covering by Liverpool straddle shorts, profit taking by recent local sellers, and rather an active demand from trades ources, believed to be against price fixing by spinners, absorbed offerings on a scale down and caused moderate rallies during today's tracing. Southern spot advices have been conflicting but a number of reports were received today that only hedged cotton was offering at the decline and the market was less active at the close of the week, with traders waiting for further near month developments or better indications as to the effect of the decline in futures on interior holders. Further floods have been reported in the Mississippi valley, but the talk around the ring has reflected little or no change of opinion with reference to new crop or acreage prospects.

MARINE.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.) 3,239 tons, Hellasch, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger.) 2,872 tons, Lemke, Heide & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

(Quoted Daily by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, Feb. 18, 1916.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nominal.

ROSIN—Nominal.

TAR—$2.00-9c.

CRUDE TURPENTINE — $3.75, $3.75, $2.75.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 41c; rosin, $2.80; tar nominal; crude, $2.50, $2.50, $1.50.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	(—)
Rosin	(—)
Tar	34
Crude Turpentine	(—)

Receipts — Same day last year: Spirits turpentine, (—) casks; rosin, (—) barrels; tar, 164 casks; crude turpentine, (—) barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—11⅛c. Quotations, same day last year, 8c.

Receipts—90 bales; same day last year, 1,336 bales.

Total receipts since August 1st, to date, 149,964 bales.

Total receipts to same date last year, 159,407 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

Wilmington, N. C., Feb. 18, 1916.

Atlantic Coast Line—61 bales cotton; 34 barrels tar.

Seaboard Air Line—29 bales cotton.

Total—90 bales cotton; 34 barrels tar.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Feb. 18.)

SWEET POTATOES—Yams, 55c. to 60c. per bushel.

IRISH POTATOES—$1.00.

CORN—$1.75 per sack.

BEEF—Native dressed, 7@9c; good demand.

PORK—Small, 8@10c. per pound.

WOOL—Burry, 17c to 20c.; first class, 27c.

HIDES—Green salt, 12@13c; dry flint, 17@20c per lb.; good demand.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Old hams, 18c.; sides and shoulders, 14c. to 15c. per pound, good demand.

BEESWAX—Firm, 28c per pound; good demand.

POULTRY—Chickens, grown, 45c to 50c; spring, 20c to 35c head. Geese 55c to 80c per head. Ducks, 35c to 50c owing to quality. Turkeys, 18c per lb., alive.; 20c to 22c dressed.

EGGS—18c. dozen.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co)

Wilmington, Feb. 18.—North Carolina Peanuts—New crop, market firm. Fancy hand-picked, 84c.; No. 1, machine picked, 77c. per bushel

Virginia Peanuts—New crop, steady. Jumbos, 66c.; fancy hand-picked, 55c.; No. 1, machine-picked, 50c. per bushel.

Spanish Peanuts—New crop firm; No. 1, small, machine-picked, $1.00; Jumbos, 90c. per bushel.

Receipts—Light.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Redgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., Feb. 18.—Spanish: Farmers' stock—Market steady.

First quality, $1.07½ per bu. asked; green and dirty, 60c. to 75c. per bu.

Virginias, Farmers' stock — Market, quiet.

Fancy Jumbo, 3¾c. per lb.; Extra Prime, 3½c. per lb.; Prime, 3¼c. per lb.; shelling stock, 2½ to 2¾c. lb.

Twelve new apartment houses recently erected in Salt Lake City have been equippel throughout with electric ranges.

STOCK MARKET IS DULL YET

However, Gradual and General Recoveries From Low Levels Are Registered

New York, Feb. 18.—Gradual, but general, recoveries from low levels of the early week were registered in today's dull markets. Minor reversals marked the forenoon, but the undertone was more confident and stable. Less attention was paid to international affairs and more consideration was given to uch potent factors as excellent railway and industrial earnings, and heavy bank clearings.

Coppers and other metal shares featured the operations to an unusual degree. American zinc's maximum of 84 3-8 was accompanied by considerable activity, making that issue the leader. War issues were mainly irregular but came forward in the later dealings. The automobile group was under intermittent pressure, likewise Petroleums, American Woollen and some other obscure specialties, but sugars, United Fruit, Mercantile Marines and American Tobacco proved more than an offset. Rails were firm and under readings lead made a fair response to moderate purchases.

United States Steel was moderately active, but strong in connection with forecasts of record breaking earnings for the crrent quarter and the announcement that it had acquired from abroad approximately 23,000,000 of its first mortgage bonds for sinking fund purposes.

Best quotations of the day were made in the final hour, rails then contributing more generally to the stronger tone. Final prices were a shade under maximums. Total sales of stocks amounted to 425,000 shares.

Bonds responded to the improved tone of stocks, although trading in that division was nominal. Total sales, par value were $3,270,000. United States bonds were unchanged on call.

New York Stock List.

Allis Chalmers	30¼
American Beet Sugar	70⅝
American Can	62
American Car & Foundry	69½
American Cotton Oil	52
American Locomotive	65⅞
American Smelting	100⅝
American Sugar	112½
American Tel. & Tel.	127½
American Tobacco	193
Anaconda Copper	39⅝
Atchison	103½
Atlantic Coast Line	110½
Baldwin Locomotive	108⅝
Baltimore & Ohio	86⅞
Bethlehem Steel	465
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	86½
Canadian Pacific	169
Central Leather	55
Chesapeake & Ohio	62⅝
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	95¼
Chicago, R. I. & Pac. Ry.	19⅜
Consolidated Gas	134½
Continental Can	80½
Crucible Steel	80⅛
Erie	37⅝
General Electric	169½
Great Northern pfd	121
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	45¼
Illinois Central	103½
Interborough Consol. Corp.	17⅝
Kansas City Southern	26¾
Lehigh Valley	77½
Louisville & Nashville	122
Liggett & Meyers, ex div.	252
Lorillard Co.	195¾
Missouri, Kansas & Texas pfd.	13½
Missouri Pacific	5
Mexican Petroleum	105⅞
National Lead	68⅞
New York Central	105½
N. Y., N. H. & Hartford	69
Norfolk & Western	117½
Northern Pacific	113⅝
Pennsylvania	57¼
Reading	78¼
Republic Iron & Steel	53
Seaboard Air Line	16⅞
Seaboard Air Line pfd	37½
Sloss, Shef. Steel & Iron	58
Studebaker Corporation, ex div.	147
Southern Pacific	99⅝
Southern Railway	20¾
Southern Railway pfd	58½
Tennessee Copper	57⅞
Texas Co.	207¾
Texas & Pacific	7
Union Pacific	134¼
United States Rubber	51⅝
United States Steel	83⅜
United States Steel pfd	116½
Utah Copper	85¼
Virginia Caro. Chem.	47
Va. Iron, Coal & Coke	51
Wabash pfd "B" Ctfs	27¼
Western Union	88½
Westinghouse Electric	66¾
United Fruit	146

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Feb. 18.—Cotton goods were firmer and higher today and bleached goods and print cloths were about steady. Yarns steady. Wool markets were firm. Jobbers did a large business.

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, Feb. 18.—Mercantile paper 3 to 3¼. Sterling 60 day bills 4.71¼; demand 4.76½; cables 4.76⅝. Bar silver 56⅝. Mexican dollars 43¼. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds steady. Time loans easy, 60 days 2¼ to 2½; 90 days 2½; six months 2¾ to 3. Call money steady, ruling rate 1¾.

SAVANNAH NAVAL STORES.

Savannah, Feb. 18.—Turpentine, nothing doing; last sale February 15, at 53; receipts 81; shipments 825; stock 10,094.

Rosin—Dull; sales 68; receipts 380; shipments 1,976; stock 53,554. Quote: A B C D E F G, 5.20; H I, 5.25; K, 5.85; M, 6.20; N, 6.75; WG, 6.80; WW, 7.00.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Feb. 18.—Hogs, weak; light 7.75 to 8.30; mixed 8.00 to 8.35; heavy 7.95 to 8.40; rough 7.95 to 8.10; pigs 6.25 to 7.40.

Cattle—Steady; native beef cattle 6.60 to 9.65; stockers and feeders 5.50 to 7.25; cows and heifers 3.15 to 8.20; calves 8.50 to 11.00.

Sheep—Unsettled; wethers 7.75 to 8.35; ewes 5.50 to 8.25; lambs 5.00 to 11.00.

NEW YOR KPROVISIONS.

New York, Feb. 18.—Raw sugar firm; centrifugal 5.03; molasses 4.31; refined steady.

Coffee—Spot nominal; Rio 7s, 9¼; Santos 4s, 10¼.

Butter—Steady.

Cheese—Irregular.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

February 19, 1916.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M. yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 48 degrees; at 8 P. M., 58 degrees; maximum, 71 degrees; minimum, 47 degrees; mean, 59 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00 inch; rainfall for the month, to date, 1.94 inch.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M. yesterday, 7.6 feet.

THE WEATHER.

Gor North Carolina: Fair and colder with a cold wave Saturday. Sunday fair with rising temperature.

FALLING TEMPERATURE

Cold wave—Temperature will fall twenty degrees or over by Sunday morning.

The Port Calendar, February 19, 1916.

Sun rises	6:52 A. M.
Sun sets	6:00 P. M.
Day's length	11 hrs. 8 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water. A.M.	P.M.	Low water. A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington	10:09	10:28	5:19	5:47
Southport	8:00	8:15	1:58	2:55
Masonboro Inlet	7:49	8:04	1:38	2:35

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS
February 18, 1916.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest today.	Lowest Last night.	Precipitation at 8 p.m.
Abilene	clear	60	46	.0
Asheville	cldy	54	44	.0
Atlanta	clear	64	48	.0
Augusta	cldy	74	52	.0
Baltimore	cldy	566	..	.0
Birmingham	clear	62	50	.0
Boston	cldy	40	34	.04
Charleston	clear	72	50	.0
Charlotte	pt cldy	68	46	.0
Chicago	clear	36	36	.02
Galveston	clear	74	54	.0
Jaxville	clear	74	52	.0
Memphis	clear	52	46	.0
Mobile	clear	74	52	.0
Montgomery	clear	68	48	.0
N. Orleans	clear	72	52	.0
New York	clear	42	36	.61
Oklahoma	clear	52	36	.0
Palestine	clear	64	54	.0
Pittsburg	snow	38	36	.18
Raleigh	cldy	70	44	.0
Savannah	clear	75	50	.0
Shreveport	clear	66	52	.0
St. Louis	clear	40	36	.0
Washington	cldy	58	38	.02

DUN'S BUSINESS REVIEW.

Requirements Exceed Production—General Improvement in the South.

New York, Feb. 18.—Dun's will say tomorrow:

"Accumulation of forward business is only limited by the ability and disposition of manufacturers to further extend commitments. Disproportion between demand and supply—heretofore apparent in comparatively few lines—is spreading and it is increasingly manifest that production and distributing facilities have not kept pace with the rapid growth in requirements. Scarcity of materials is a more noticeable feature and in the West and South, as in the East, it is much earlier to find buyers than to obtain merchandise.

"Frequent complains are still heard of tardy deliveries but moderate progress is made in relieving the traffic congestion and there was a 50 per cent. reduction in the number of idle freight cars during January. Pressure upon the transportating interests is further reflected in the substantial gain in gross earnings last month, improvement in the South being general and in some instances quite pronounced. Unsolicited business continues of heavy volume in iron and steel.

"Under the stimulus of large buying by retailers, jobbers of dry goods are increasing orders with mills and selling agents and prices are advancing sharply.

"Various influences still combine to restrict cotton exports, but domestic consumption continues in unpreceded volume."

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

Reaction Gives Firm Undertone and Prices Rise 4 to 5 Points.

New Orleans, Feb. 18.—Cotton reacted today, acquiring a firm undertone on realizing by recent short sellers and closed vey steady within a point of the highest levels of the day at a net rise of 4 to 5 points.

Initial trades showed steadiness and old crop movements were opened at unchanged prices while the new crops were five points down. The demand from the short side finally became strong enough to bring about an upward trend. At the lowest the trading months were 7 to 10 points under yesterday's close. From this there was a gradual recovery and finally around the middle of the day the market went to a net advance.

Reports of a better foreign demand for spots helped the recovery but there was no great amount of fresh buying for long account, and gossip was bearish. The market was generally referred to as oversold. Closed very steady. Closing bid: March 11.25; May 11.54; July 11.81; October 11.94; December 12.11.

Spot cotton steady 6 points off, sales on the spot 1,215bales; to arrive 2,471. Middling 11.12.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Liberal Export Buying Gives Strength and Causes Advance in Wheat.

Chicago, Feb. 18.—Liberal export buying, which followed an advance in Liverpool quotations today, gave strength to the wheat market here. Prices closed firm at ⅝@⅞ to 1⅛@1⅛c net higher with May at 1.29¾ and July at 1.23⅞ to 1.24. Corn gained ¼@⅜ to ⅝c; Oats ⅜@½ to ⅝c, and provisions 5 to 17½c.

Grain and provisions closed:

Wheat	May 1.29⅞	July 1.23⅞		
Corn	May .79⅛	July .78⅝		
Oats	May .48⅝	July .46		
Pork	May 20.97	July 20.87		
Lard	May 10.32	July 10.50		
Ribs	May 11.55	July 11.65		

Cash Grain—Wheat, No. 2 red 1.30; No. 3 red 1.26⅞ to 1.27½; No. 2 hard, 1.29½ to 1.30; No. 3 hard 1.24 to 1.27⅜.

Corn, No. 2 yellow nominal; No. 4 yellow 72 to 74; No. 4 white 72½ to 73¾.

Bonds have been passed by the Twin Cities of Graymont and Summit, Ga., for a jointly owned electric plant to be erected midway between the two towns.

BRAY BROTHERS
STOCKS & BONDS
GREENSBORO, N. C.

WE OFFER

$1,000 North Carolina 4 per cent Coupon Bond.

$5,000 First Mortgage 6 per cent Real Estate Coupon Bonds—denominations $500. Interest payable semi-annually.

10 Shares of GREENSBORO LOAN & TRUST CO. STOCK—Greensboro, N. C.

10 Shares of Bank of Maxton—Maxton, N. C.

20 Shares ROXBORO COTTON MILLS STOCK—Roxboro, N. C.

10 to 25 Shares Southern Underwriters, of Greensboro, N. C.

PRICES AND INFORMATION ON APPLICATION—WRITE US A LINE.

SEND YOUR ORDERS TO US. WE DO IT NOW. WIRE, PHONE OR WRITE US FOR WHAT YOU WANT.

COTTON SEED OIL MARKET.

New York, Feb. 18.—The cotton seed oil market advanced early on short covering of nearby contracts and with lard but eased off later under liquidation and lack of outside support. Final prices were 5 points higher to 4 points lower. Sales 15,200 barrels.

Closed easier: Spot 9.60 bid; February 9.65 to 9.85; March 9.65 to 9.68; April 9.45 to 9.46; May 9.38 to 9.41; June 9.41 to 9.44; July 9.41 to 9.42; August 9.42 to 9.45; September 9.44 to 9.45.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, Feb. 18.—Beaves, steady; steers 6.00 to 9.00; bulls 5.00 to 7.80; cows 3.00 to 8.50.

Calves—Steady; veals 9.00 to 13.00; culls 7.00 to 8.50; barn yard calves 5.50 to 6.50; yearlings 4.50 to 5.75.

Sheep and Lambs—Steady; ewes 5.00 to 8.00; culls 3.50 to 5.00; lambs 10.00 to 12.00; culls 8.50 to 9.50.

Hogs—Weak; light to heavy 8.40 to 8.70. Pigs—Steady, 8.00 to 8.25; roughs 7.00 to 7.25.

Modern large office buildings would be quite impossible with-out electricity. The new Equitable Building in New York City, the largest office-building in the world, is completely electrified. Electricity is used for lighting the building, for the fast elevator service, and for a number of other things.

LOW ROUND TRIP FARES
—VIA—
Southern Railway
Premier Carrier of the South.

$26.75—Goldsboro, N. C., to New Orleans, La., and return, account Mardi Gras Celebration, March 2-7th, 1916. Tickets on sale Feb. 26th to March 6th, inclusive, with final limit March 17th. Stop-overs permitted on either going or return trip, or both.

$23.35—Goldsboro, N. C., to Mobile, Ala., and return, account Mardi Gras Celebration, March 2nd-7th, 1916. Tickets on sale Feb. 28th to March 6th, inclusive, with final limit March 17th. Stop-overs permitted.

$23.85—Goldsboro, N. C., to Pensacola, Fla., and return, account Mardi Gras Celebration, March 2nd-7th. 1916. Tickets on sale Feb. 28th to March 6th, inclusive, with final limit March 17th. Stop-overs permitted.

$22.85—Goldsboro, N. C., to Tampa, Fla., and return, account Gasparilla Carnival, Feb. 6th-12th, 1916. Tickets on sale Feb. 3rd to 5th, inclusive, final limit Feb. 21st. Stop-overs permitted.

Low round trip fares from all other points, on same basis.

For further information, Pullman reservations, etc., call on any Southern Railway Agent, or O. F. York, T. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

ja19-tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
The Progressive Railway of the South.

Bulletin of Round-Trip Fares in Effect from Wilmington.

NEW ORLEANS, LA. $26.75
On sale February 28th to March 6th. Limited returning Midnight, March 17th Limit extended to April 3rd by payment $7.00. Tickets good for stop-over.
NEW ORLEANS, LA. $26.75
On sale March 24, 25 and 26th. Limited returning Midnight, April 3rd. Ticket extended to April 15th on payment $1.00.
NEW ORLEANS, LA. $28.65
On sale April 11, 12, 13, 16 and 17th. Limited returning Midnight, April 30th.
RALEIGH, N. C. $4.20
On sale February 28, 29 and March 1st. Limited returning Midnight, March 3rd.
ROANOKE, VA. $12.75
On sale March 12, 13 and 14th. Limited returning Midnight, March 21st.
MOBILE, ALA. $23.35
On sale February 28th to March 6th, inc. Limited returning Midnight, March 7th. Limit extended to April 3rd by payment $1.00. Tickets good for stop over.
PENSACOLA, FLA. $23.35
On sale February 28th to March 6th, inc. Limited returning Midnight, March 7th. Limit extended to April 3rd by payment $1.00. Tickets good for stop over.

For further information call 'phone 178, City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel Building.

H. E. PLEASANTS,
T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.

JOHN T. WEST,
D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

CLYDE LINE
TO NEW YORK
AND
GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Steamship Cherokee, Fri., February 11
Steamship Chippewa, Fri., February 18

Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship Cherokee, Mon., February 14
Steamship Chippewa, Mon., February 21

Wilmington to New York.
Steamship Chippewa, Sat., February 12
Steamship Cherokee, Sat., February 19

Steamship Chippewa Does Not Carry Passengers.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.,
C. J. BECKER, Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.
H. G. SMALLBONES,
Commercial Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.

General Offices: Pier 36 N. R., New York

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective Dec. 27, 1915. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES.	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90. 3:40 A.M. Monday morning only.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad.	No. 91. 1:15 A.M. Sunday morning (Saturday night) only.
No. 82. 5:30 A.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, St. Petersburg, Ft. Myers, Columbia, and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to recieve outbound passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M. and may be occupied, inbound, until 7:00 A. M.	No. 82. 11:59 P.M. Daily.
No. 64 5:15 A.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 65 6:15 P.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only.
No. 48. 1:00 A.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington Parlor Car, Wilmington to Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49. 6:05 P.M. Daily.
No. 84. 8:45 A.M. Daily.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 83. 5:00 P.M. Daily.
No. 62. 3:25 P.M. Daily.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 63. 12:50 P.M. Daily.
No. 88. 3:45 P.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Florence, Columbia, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida points. All thru Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta. Pullman Cars between Florence and Columbia.	No. 84. 12:50 P.M. Daily.
No. 78. 6:30 P.M. Tues., Thurs. and Sat. only.	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations.	No. 66. 10:15 A.M. Tues., Thurs., Sat. only.
No. 42. 6:45 P. M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41. 9:50 A.M. Daily.

For folders, reservations, rates of fare, etc., call 'phone 168.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent. WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect November 15, 1915.

WINTER PARK, WRIGHTSVILLE WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS

EASTBOUND: Leave Front and for Winter Park	Leave Front and for Wrightsville	Leave... Front and for Beach	WESTBOUND: Leave Winter Park for Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington	Leave Beach for Wilmington
.....	.....	.....	a6:26 A. M.	a6:15 A. M.	.....
a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.	a7:36 A. M.	a7:25 A. M.	.....
6:55 A. M.	6:55 A. M.	b6:55 A. M.	8:01 A. M.	7:50 A. M.	7:40 A. M.
a8:00 A. M.	a8:00 A. M.	.....	a8:41 A. M.	a8:30 A. M.	.....
8:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.	9:36 A. M.	9:25 A. M.	9:15 A. M.
.....	.....	.....	b10:31 A. M.	b10:20 A. M.	.....
10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	11:06 A. M.	10:55 A. M.	10:45 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	12:36 P. M.	12:25 P. M.	12:15 P. M.
b1:00 P. M.	b1:00 P. M.	b1:00 P. M.	b2:06 P. M.	b1:55 P. M.	b1:45 P. M.
a1:10 P. M.	a1:10 P. M.	a1:10 P. M.	a3:01 P. M.	a1:50 P. M.	a1:45 P. M.
c1:55 P. M.	c1:55 P. M.	.....	a2:36 P. M.	a2:25 P. M.	.....
c d2:35 P.M.	.....	.....	c d3:06 P.M.	.....	.....
3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	c3:50 P. M.	.....	.....
3:30 P. M.	.....	.....	4:06 P. M.	3:55 P. M.	3:45 P. M.
c4:10 P. M.	.....	.....	c4:30 P. M.	.....	.....
4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	c5:10 P. M.	.....	.....
c4:50 P. M.	.....	.....	5:36 P. M.	5:25 P. M.	5:15 P. M.
5:30 P. M.	5:30 P. M.	.....	6:11 P. M.	6:00 P. M.	.....
6:10 P. M.	6:10 P. M.	.....	6:51 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	.....
6:40 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	c6:40 P. M.	7:31 P. M.	7:20 P. M.	7:15 P. M.
7:15 P. M.	7:15 P. M.	.....	8:06 P. M.	7:55 P. M.	.....
8:15 P. M.	8:15 P. M.	.....	8:56 P. M.	8:45 P. M.	.....
9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	10:21 P. M.	10:10 P. M.	10:00 P. M.
10:15 P. M.	10:15 P. M.	.....	10:56 P. M.	10:45 P. M.	.....
1:15 P. M.	11:15 P. M.	.....	11:56 P.M.	11:45 P. M.	.....

SPECIAL FOR SUNDAYS.

Leave Front and Princess Streets every half hour from 2:00 to 5:00 P. M.
Leave Beach every half hour from 3:45 to 5:45 P. M.

a—Daily except Sundays.
b—Sundays only.
c—Superseded by half hour cars Sund y afternoons.
d—Goes through to Seagate; returning, leaves Seagate at 3:00 P. M.
e—Does not go beyond Station No. 3.
f—Leaves from Station No. 3.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE.
(Daily Exerpt Sunday)

Leave Ninth and Orange streets, 3:30 P. M.
Freight Depot open from 2:30 to 3:30 P. M.

$26.75 New Orleans
$23.35 Mobile
$23.35 Pensacola
MARDI GRAS

Tickets on sale February 28th to March 6th, inc., limited until March 17th. Extension of final limit may be secured until April 3rd by payment of fee of $1.00 and deposit of ticket with Special Agent.

Through sleeping cars to Atlanta that arrive at 6:10 A. M., and give 50 minutes more for a connection than any other line. For reservations or information,

Telephone 160.

Atlantic Coast Line
"The Standard Railroad of the South."

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
The Progressive Railway of the South, Effective January 2nd, 1916.

DEPARTURE OF TRAINS FROM WILMINGTON:

No. 13—4:00 P. M.—Train for Charlotte and Intermediate Points. PULLMAN PARLOR CAR, WILMINGTON TO CHARLOTTE.

No. 19—5:00 A. M.—Train for Charlotte and Intermediate Points. SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND CHARLOTTE. Open at 10:00 P. M. for Passengers.

ARRIVAL OF TRAINS AT WILMINGTON:

No. 14—12:40 P. M.—Train from Charlotte and Intermediate Points. PULLMAN PARLOR CAR BETWEEN CHARLOTTE AND WILMINGTON.

No. 20—12:15 A. M.—Train from Charlotte and Intermediate Points. SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN CHARLOTTE AND WILMINGTON. PASSENGERS MAY REMAIN IN SLEEPER UNTIL 7:00 A. M.

For detailed information and reservations, call on City Ticket Agent, Orton Building. 'Phone 178.

R. W. WALLACE, C. T. A. H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A. Wilmington, N. C.

JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

ATLANTA, GA.
—via—
SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
The Progressive Railway of the South.
Shortest and Most Direct Route.

Leave Wilmington .. ..4:00 P. M.
Arrive Atlanta .. ..7:00 A. M.

Making connection for Birmingham, Memphis, Kansas City, St. Louis and Chicago.

For further information call 'phone 178, City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel.

JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.
H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.

Read Star Business Locals.

J. B. McCABE
Certified Public Accountant
Room 515 Murch. Nat. Bank Bldg.
Phone 906 WILMINGTON, N. C.

**J.

FURNISHED FUNDS TO THE MEXICAN REBELS?

Allegations Against International Harvester Co.

Charged Before Senate Committee That Money to Buy War Munitions Was Supplied Through Sisal Buyer in Yucatan.

Washington, Feb. 18.—Allegations that the International Harvester Company, through the medium of a sisal buyer in Yucatan, had furnished funds for war munitions to be used against Carranza forces in Mexico were made today by Levy Mayer, a Chicago attorney, before the Senate Agricultural committee investigating the American selling agency of the Yucatan sisal growers' combine.

Mr. Mayer, representing the bankers who financed the combine, said he would produce invoices and bills showing that part of $480,000 sent by the company to a sisal buyer in Yucatan was paid to a New York arms purchasing concern. Walter L. Fisher, former Secretary of the Interior and counsel for the Harvester Company, had in the committee room several grips full of Mexican pesos which he said he had been receiving in change for the $480,000 to pay for sisal purchases. He declared later that if any of the money ever went to arms dealers, it was spent by Mexicans after they had received it in payment for sisal.

Representatives of the combine and of the bankers who financed it insisted that the growers were compelled to organize to get a fair price for theid product from the International Harvester Company, their principal purchaser, while spokesmen of the Harvester Company and other sisal buyers asserted that the combine was holding sisal at New York for arbitrarily high prices and had put American importers out of commission.

POLICEMEN ON GUARD AT KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS BALL

Extraordinary Precautions Taken Against Possible Anarchist Attack.

New York, Feb. 18.—Extraordinary precautions were taken by the police tonight to protect guests at the Knights of Columbus ball at Madison Square Garden from possible attack by anarchists. Letters purporting to have been written by Jean Crones, the fugitive Chicago chef, suspected of having poisoned the food served at the banquet in honor of Archbiship Mundelein, have contained threats which led to the fear that some attempt might be made upon the live sof who attended the dance.

More than 60 officers in plain clothes mingled with the guests. Two men were stationed on each fire escape of adjoining building and every door was carefully guarded. Detectives worked as cooks, waiters and dish-washers to keep an eye on the other worker. Inspector Gray, of the detective bureau, was present in person.

SCHMIDT GOES TO HIS DEATH QUIETLY AND WITH COMPOSURE

Alleged Murderer of Anna Aumuller Electrocuted in Sing Sing.

Ossining, N. Y., Feb. 18.—Hans Schmidt was electrocuted at Sing Sing prison today for the murder of Anna Aumuller, September 2, 1913.

Schmidt went quietly to the death chamber, accompanied by the principal keeper and the Rev. Father Cashin, the prison chaplain. Leaving the death house he said good-bye to those who remained.

When he entered the chamber, the guards attempted to direct him toward the chair, but Schmidt gently shook them off and insisted upon addressing the 17 witnesses. The guards desisted from their efforts and with Father Cashin standing at one side and the keeper at the other, Schmidt said:

"Gentlemen, I ask forgiveness of all those I have injured or scandalized. I forgive all who have injured me. My last wish is to say good-bye to my dear old mother."

Schmidt then seated himself in the electric chair and the current was applied three times. Within a minute he was dead. He had spent the night up to midnight in praying and talking with Father Cachin and slept from midnight to 5 o'clock, when he was awakened for breakfast. He would take only a cup of coffee.

ASKED TO DEPOSIT ALL U. S. SECURITIES WITH TREASURY.

British Chancellor of the Exchequer Issues Appeal to Banks.

London, Feb. 18.—It is officially announced that Reginald McKenna, chancellor of the exchequer, has sent an appeal to banks throughout Great Britain asking that they urge customers to offer all available American securities to the treasury. Mr. McKenna's statement says:

"You are acquainted with the government's scheme for acquiring American dollar securities in order to maintain a stable exchange with the United States. While expressing cordial thanks to those banks which already have urged customers holding suitable securities to offer them to the treasury, I invite all banks to take similar action forthwith and to impress upon customers the paramount duty of assisting their country and her allies by offering to the treasury such securities, either for sale or as a deposit on loans, whether or not they are included in the published purchase lists of the treasury.

"At an ecarly date, opportunity will be afforded for depositing securities on loans upon terms already purchased."

EIGHT PARISHES FLOODED.

Waters From Five Rivers Cover Large Territory in Louisiana.

New Orleans, Feb. 18.—Eight parishes in eastern Louisiana are flooded to a greater or less extent by overflows, backwater or breaks in levees in the Mississippi, Arkansas, Atchafalya, and the Red and Black rivers, according to reports received here tonight. But three drownings and little suffering have been reported, except in the northern part of Tensas Parish, near New Ellton, where more than 2,000 negroes have been marooned.

Reports from Newellton stated today that the government steamers had taken aboard some of the flood victims for removal to refugee camps on the Mississippi side and at Natchez, while food was supplied for those remaining where it was needed.

A report was received here today that a bridge of the Iron Mountain railroad, between Collinston and Rayville, had been washed away by the flood, causing a suspension of traffic on the Natchez branch of that road.

No further breaks in levees were reported during today and Federal engineers announced that the work of strengthening weak spots at various

WIL CONFER ON QUESTION OF REVISION OF REVENUE

President, Redfield and Kitchin Expected to Meet Next Week.

Washington, Feb. 18.—President Wilson, Secretary Redfield, of the Commerce Department, and Representative Kitchin, Democratic leader of the House, are expected to meet next week for a series of conferences, out of which may come some tentative plan for the general revenue revision to be made by the administration.

It general is excepted that na piecemeal revenue legislation, except the free sugar provision repeal, will be urged now, the administration tariff commission bill, the protective dyestuffs, tariff proposal and other measures touching on the general subject waiting until the preparedness programme is out of the way.

SUPPORTERS OF CHILD LABOR LAWS TESTIFY

(Continued From Page One.)

Other representatives of organizations in favor of legislation against permitting child labor also addressed the committee.

AGE LIMIT IS RAISED

New Child Labor Bill Passed by South Carolina Legislature.

Columbia, S. C., Feb. 18.—The state senate here tonight passed without division the house bill which would raise from 12 to 14 years the legal age limit at which children may be employed in textilep lants, factories and mines.

The Senate amended the bill to make it effective January 1, 1917, six months earlier than the House provided, and it goes back to the House for concurrence.

The Senate also passed House bill which provide in case of labor disputes the questions at issue may be arbitrated by a board of three persons, one to be chosen by the workers, one by the employers and the third by the governor, by recommendation of the first two arbitrators. The board would be appointed only upon request of both parties to the dispute, and its powers would be confined to mediation. This bill also will be returned to the House for concurrence in minor amendments.

MUCH BOOTY TAKEN

Enormous Supplies Seized by Russians at Erzerum, Is Report.

Petrograd, Feb. 17, via London, Feb. 19—(Delayed)—The latest reports from Erzerum say that the amount of booty, including provisions and ammunition captured in the city by the Russians, is enormous. The Turks evidently had prepared for a long struggle and had turned Erzerum into the main provisioning center in Asia Minor. In addition the city contained countless art treasures of all descriptions bequeathed by the ancient civilizations through which it has passed. The number of guns taken at Erzerum is now estimated at 1,000 most of which were abandoned in the forts or along the roads during the panicky flight of the Turkish garrison.

The Russian press believes the collapse of the Turkish defense in Armenia will put an end to Germany's efforts to inspire a Mussulman fanatical war against Russia and will tend to turn them against their German allies. It is pointed out also by the newspapers that the fall of Erzerum may bring about collapse of the proposed German campaign against the Suez canal, and Egypt.

The evacuation of Trebizond, according to the newspapers, will be one of the immediate results of the Russian victory. Trebizond is regarded as being no longer tenable as the Turkish Black sea base.

3,000 ATTEND RECEPTION

Members of Senate and House Entertained at White House.

Washington, Feb. 18.—The annual White House reception to members of the Senate and House was attended tonight by nearly 3,000 persons. Speaker Clark, of the House and Senator Clarke, president protempore of the Senate led the line of those received by the President and Mrs. Wilson. Only one more White House function remains on the season's formal social programme which will be brought to a close March 3 with a reception in honor of army and navy officers.

STEAMERS DETAINED

Three Ships Taken to Kirkwall for Examination by British.

London, Feb. 16.—(Delayed by censor).—The following vessels have been taken into Kirkwall for examination:

The Danish steamship Hellig Olav, from New York for Copenhagen, with a general cargo, mails and passengers; the Norwegian steamer Alf, from New York for Copenhagen, with a cargo of wheat; the Swedish steamer Osman, from Baltimore for Helsingfors, with a cargo of maize.

AGE LIMIT REDUCED.

Officers on Merchant Ships May Now Enter Service at Nineteen.

Washington, Feb. 18.—Witha view to Washington, Feb. 18.—With a view to able for American merchant ships the United States steamboat inspection service today reduced the age limit for officers from twenty-one to nineteen years. No change was made, however, in the amount of experience necessary before an officer's license can be obtained.

WOULD QUIT THE RACE.

C. W. Bryan Willing to Withdraw in Favor of Some Prohibitionist.

Lincoln, Neb., Feb. 18.—Mayor Chas. W. Bryan, brother of William J. Bryan, who recently announced his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for governor, in a statement today said he was willing to withdraw if some member of the party committed to the prohibition amendment will volunteer to make the fight.

RATING BUREAU VOTED OUT.

Bill Passes Lower House of South Carolina Legislature.

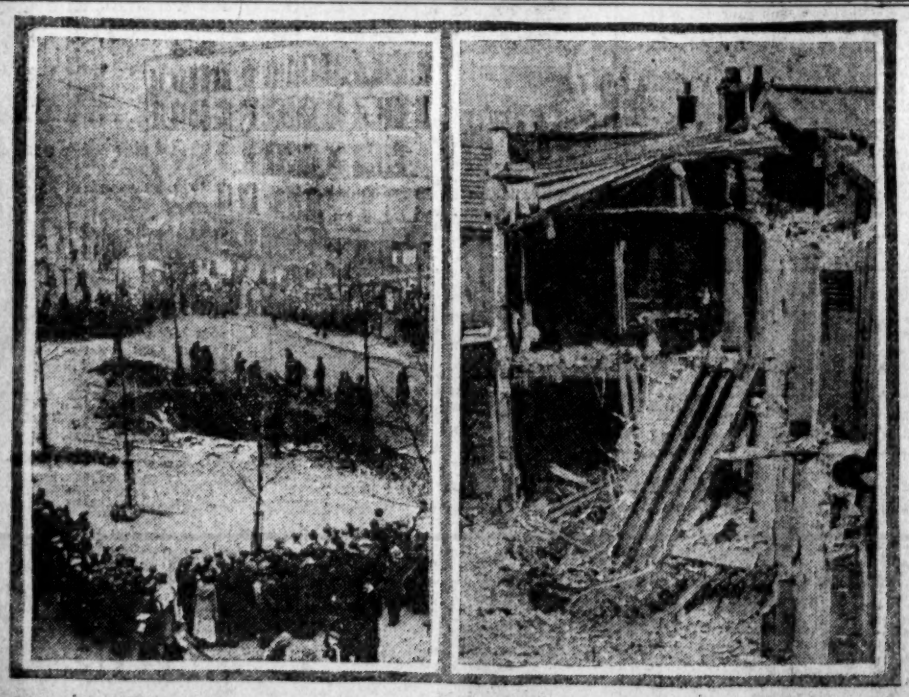
Columbia, S. C., Feb. 18.—The Loney bill to forbid the stamping bureau of the Southeastern Underwriters' Association to promulgate rates, was sent to third reading in the House this morning at 2:10 o'clock by a vote of 57 to 31. The passage of the bill was preceded by a filibuster, which lasted for six and one-half hours.

STEPS TO PREVENT FLOODS IN FUTURE MAY BE TAKEN

Cabinet Takes Notice of Present Situation Along Mississippi.

Washington, Feb. 18.—President Wilson and his cabinet took official notice of the Mississippi flood situation today, and as a result government action to prevent or control similar situations in the future is expected soon. Secretaries Redfield, Houston and Lane will confer on what steps should be taken, following which President Wilson will recommend to Congress some kind of legislation on the subject. Restoration of watersheds of rivers is among the plans being considered.

Great Damage of Zeppelins in Paris Raid Proved in Photos.



What a Bomb Did to the Subway — These photographs just received from Paris show the great damage done by the bombs thrown in the Zeppelin raid on Paris, January 29. One bomb dropped on Rue de Belleville, through which the subway runs. It dug a hole through the cement to the tracks. Another bomb tore a house apart leaving half standing. **House Torn in Two by Bomb**

Grand Prize, Panama-Pacific Exposition, San Francisco, 1915
Grand Prize, Panama-California Exposition, San Diego, 1915

DRINK
BAKER'S COCOA
For its Delicious Flavor, its Excellent Quality and its High Food Value.
GUARD AGAINST IMITATIONS; the genuine package has the trade-mark of the chocolate girl on the wrapper and is made only by
REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.
WALTER BAKER & CO. LTD.
Established 1780 DORCHESTER, MASS.

DEMAND MADE FOR INVESTIGATION OF AVIATION SERVICE

(Continued From Page One.)

War Department howled for your head, which, although not a fact, will sound terrifying to the applicant."

Reber Prompted False Reports.

In a letter of September 10, 1914, to Captain Clark, Captain Cowan wrote:

"It will be understood that you will not be required to fly in time of peace although nothing need be said about this in the official communication.'

"As conclusive evidence that Colonel Reber prompted Captain Cowan to make false reports concerning the true condition of the service, I quote from his letter of February 25, 1915, as follows:

"'He (the chief—general Scriven) will probably ask you for the personnel of the First Aero Squadron and I suggest that you have prepared a list showing the officers, who, shall I say theoretically belong to the same. If you find it necessary to fill up by putting in the names of some of the aviation students put them in and give him a list'."

HAS NOTHING TO SAY.

Captain Cowan Makes no Comment on Senator Robinson's Charges.

San Diego, Cal., Feb. 18.—"I have nothing to say," was the only comment of Capt. Arthur S. Cowan, head of the signal corps aviation school, U. S. A., today when informed of the charges made by Senator Robinson at Washington against the aviation service.

GERMAN INTENTION UNDER HEAVY FIRE

(Continued From Page One.)

The merchantmen of one belligerent have been swept from the seas. Therefore if we should abandon all the principles on this subject that we have ever sustained, if we should abandon the rules laid down by Mr. Lansing in his circular of September, 1914, and declare that our ports were closed to armed merchantmen, or that goods and passengers from the United States could not be placed on an uncommissioned merchantman, armed solely for self defense, our action would affect only one belligerent; it would alter conditions created by the war and would therefore be unneutral. It would make us at once the ally of the belligerent whose merchant marine has been driven from the ocean.

"I cannot believe that the administration thinks for a moment of altering the well defined position which it took at the outset of the European war, and I believe that it must stand as firmly on this question as it has on the question of the embargo. Should it act otherwise, it would accept a humiliation and incur a danger of war from which even the boldest and the most unscrupulous would shrink."

MARRIAGE CONSIDERED LUXURY FOR THE RICH

(Continued From Page One.)

peons earn but a few cents a day and eight dollars is a sum far beyond their reach.

The commission draws a gloomy picture of moral conditions in general in Latin-America. "There is little popular support," it says, "in dealing with normal issues and reforms. Everything is excused on the plea of temperament, precedent of custom. The masses know nothing of an inflexible and independent moral standard."

In concluding its review the commission urges the missionary churches to greater efforts in the Latin-American field in view of its enormous extent and the crying need of sustained effort to reach the great masses of the people who are still but little removed from barbarism.

OUR NAVY FOURTH SAYS CAPT. M'KEAN

(Continued From Page One.)

"These facts result, however, not as much from unauthorized disclosures of confidential matter, as from our own practice of spreading in reports, hearings and other public documents very full information in regard to our military secrets. We do this very largely for the reason that such subject are exceedingly difficult to keep secret and that if we should refrain from publishing them they would still be known to foreign military staffs and our own people would be the only interested parties not informed."

MAJORITY OF TURKS MAY HAVE ESCAPED

(Continued From Page One.)

of the Rombon district, the Austro-Hungarians took 37 prisoners and one machine gun. An attack by several companies of Italians was repulsed.

"Since the last combats near Oslavia, seven machine guns, two mine throwers and 1,200 rifles have been captured."

JAPS BUSY IN THE PHILIPPINES

Increasing Activity in Investment in the Islands Reported.

Manila, Feb. 18.—Japanese interests are negotiating for the purchase from an American lumber company of its mills and business in the Philippines for the sum of $1,000,000. Increased activity has been manifested by Japanese capitalists in bidding for insular properties. They recently purchased a sugar producing property, formerly belonging to the Dominican monks, at Calamba, to the south of La Guna De Bay, Island of Luzon, and they are at present considering the purchase of several large sugar plantations with mills and equipment.

Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent

You will find a Safe Deposit Box in our modern Steel-Lined Vault of the Greatest Convenience.

The Rent is Nominal, in Proportion to the Security Afforded.

American Bank & Trust Co.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
The Bank at Front and Market Streets

Business Locals

BEAUTIFUL LOT IN SUNSET PARK, 50x150, on Central Boulevard, about 150 feet from river; beautiful view, both up and down river. Offered in exchange for lower grade white property or good negro property. Splendid opportunity for suburban homeseeker. Address W. M. C. V., care Star. fe17-th,sa,su-3t*

"SERVICE FIRST" — FINE COMMERCIAL and job printing. Multigraph fac-simile typewritten letters; direct mail campaigns. "Let Harriss print it." Harriss Typewriting & Adv. Co. fe17-th,sa,tu-tf

FOR SUNDAY—ANGEL FOOD, STRAWberry, chocolate, nut, vanilla ice cream, whipped cream, sweet cream. Pasteurized butter milk. A. G. Warren Ice Cream Co., Phone 485. fe 19-1t*

FOR SUNDAY DINNER—ICE CREAM of quality: Strawberry, made from fresh berries, first of the season. Also chocolate and vanilla. Sweet cream, 50 cents per quart. Plummer's, Phone 680. fe 19-1t

NEW WAY MARKET—SATURDAY specials: New River and Norfolk oysters; Philadelphia capon, milk fed broilers, Jumbo barred rock hens, New Way Market style; "Celery-fed" ducklings; "peanut fed" turkeys, young geese, rabbits, spring lamb, pig loin roast, lean pork chops, beech nut bacon, Hamburg steak, Frankfurters, Heinz' sauerkraut, Catawba butter, black eye peas, lima beans, asparagus, corn on cob, small English peas, pitted cherries, sweet corn from Maine, green peppers, endive, Big Boston lettuce, celery, parsley, fancy tomatoes, new beets, carrots, cauliflower, egg plants, grape fruit and oranges, strawberries. We don't ask you to believe that we have the call and we will show you and do above; all we ask of you is to call and we will show you and do our best to sell you. Located Front and Market streets. Our phones: 816 and 817. Ask for W. H. McEachern. fe 19-1t

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S SUITS cleaned and pressed, $1.00. Men's suits pressed, 25 cents. T. C. Dickinson, 416 North Fifth street. Phone 218. fe 19-2t

TANKS FOR SALE—A BOUNTIFUL water supply eliminates much worry over fires in your buildings and factories aside from the convenience and saving to be had by a water system. We have tanks from one hundred to five thousand gallons capacity for water or oil storage. They are moving off at one-fourth the cost to build. Better act quick. Wilmington Iron Works. fe 19-2t

RIGHT NOW WHILE THE PRICE IS low, the terms easy, is the time to buy your home. We have a beautiful place, brand new, ready to show you. J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate agents. fe 19-1t

TO ALL PERSONS BURNING ELECtric lights. If you are interested in reducing your present bills to one-half. Address "S. V." care Star office. fe 19-2t*

FURNISHED APARTMENT IN THE Comfortable Carolina Apartment House. Also another that is unfurnished. Rent is low and includes steam heat, artesian water and many other advantages. J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate agents. fe 19-1t

WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN—ROOM and board by the first of the month. Address 16 North Fourth street, City. fe 19-1t*

FOR SALE LOCOMOTIVE—ONE SHAY locomotive and four logging cars. Standard gauge locomotive. Only used a short time. H. Garrett Smith, Box 188, Burgaw, N. C. fe 19-3t

WANTED—POSITION AS BOOKKEEPer; can do good work at the typewriter. Graduate of Buie's Creek Business College. Have good literary training. Can furnish good reference. Address C. W. Page, Godwin, N. C. fe 19-3t

I WANT THE BEST $15.00 HOUSE OBtainable, not less than six rooms; improvements; city or suburban. Have been five years with one landlord. Address "Long Term," care Star. fe 19-2t

WANTED WORK—YOUTH 18, GRAMmar graduate seeks any work with chance of learning business. Money not the main consideration. Address, "Expert Mathematician" care Star. fe 19-2t

NOTICE—WHEN YOU GET YOUR SUPply from us, you could never regret it. We satisfy our customers to their own satisfaction. We carry a full line of everything; convince yourself by trying to deal with us. We assure you it will be a saving to you. May Bros., 24 North Front street. Grocery and Delicatessen. Phone 1322. fe 19-tf

WANTED—TO SELL DRY SEASONED pine sawed and split, $1.25; pine mixed with oak, $1.35. Prompt delivery. Call phone 1914. fe 19-1t*

FOR SALE — $8,000.00 STOCK, GENeral merchandise, old established trade. Will lease store. In new, hustling town, nine years old. Stock bought 20 per cent. under present prices. Address "Merchandise," Box 555; Zebulon, N. C. fe16-6t*

DRESSED CHICKENS; DRESSED chickens. Full supply of fresh, extra choice dressed chickens. Best of beef, veal, pork and lamb. Hard head lettuce, spinach, lettuce, cauliflower and celery. Full attendance of buyers desired today. Batson's Meat Market, No. 115 Market street. Phone No 72. fe 19-tf

FOR SALE—15 BUSHELS BLACK EYE peas, $2.50 per bushel. C. O. Knox, 620 Red Cross street. Phone 1900. fe 19-st-mo-2t

ICE CREAM FOR SUNDAY—VANILLA, pineapple, strawberry, cherry, maple nut and chocolate. Sweet cream, fresh from the dairy every day. 50 cents per quart, 25 cents per quart whipped. Phone 120, Frost Ice Cream Company, No. 13 Princess street. The most central part of the city. fe 19-2t

SAW MILLS, ATTENTION — WE WILL pay you for shavings and saw dust, in carloads. Advise shipping point and quantity. Independent Ice Co. fe18-3t

STEAM TRAPS FOR SALE — WE have an assortment of steam traps, steam kettles, steam separators, valves, 2 in., 6 in. and 4 in. and 6 in. pipe, all nearly new, but cost just one half as much as you pay elsewhere. Wilmington Iron Works. fe17-3t

QUALITY PRINTING; FACSIMILE EMbossing and engraving; multigraphing, typewriting; Notaries Public. Harriss Typewriting & Adv. Co. fe17-tf

FOR SALE — 5 PASSENGER HUPMObile, in first class condition. Apply 206 Murchison National Bank Bldg. fe16-4t

AUTOMOBILE RADIATORS, MUFflers and fenders repaired; guaranteed to please as to workmanship and prices. Refrigerators and ice boxes relined. Tin and slate roofing repaired. Roof painting at reduced prices for the next thirty days. Call 'phone 421 and save money. All work guaranteed. W. B. Klander, 22 South 2nd street. fe13-tf

PLANERS FOR SALE — JUST A FEW of the best models on hand of single surfacers, planers, matchers and moulders, rip saws, swing saws, cut-off saws and saw mills. How about a good hog with several tongues? Wilmington Iron Works. fe18-3t

FOR SALE — COVERED DELIVERY wagon, in good condition. Cheap for cash. Independent Ice Co. fe18-3t

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, with steam heat. Reference. 'Phone 1913-W. fe18-tf

UKULELE TEACHER — THOSE DEsiring instruction on this favorite Hawaiian guitar can obtain all information by applying to Yopp & Woody Music Company, 217 North Front. 'Phone 313. fe18-tf

FOR RENT — THIRD FLOOR, OVER Woodall and Shepard's. Apply Woodall and Shepard's. ja11-tf

PHONE YOUR ORDERS FOR MAGAzines and newspapers to 745. Gordon Bros. 17 Princess St. fe 14-tf

NEW SERIES OPENS MARCH 4, 1916, at 210 Princess street, Brooklyn Building and Loan Association. G. H. Heyer, President; Herbert McClammy, Attorney; Geo. B. Applewhite, Secretary and Treasurer. We want you as a stockholder. fe6-tf

FOR RENT — 103 SOUTH EIGHTH street; seven rooms, all latest improvements. Gordon Brothers, 17 Princess street. de14-tf

WANTED — YOUNG MAN OR BOY with some experience in grocery store. State age. Address "Work," care Star. fe15-6t*

JUST BOUGHT, A BANKRUPT STOCK of solid gold jewelry, such as cameos, brooches, lavallieres, watch bracelets and diamonds. Can save you from forty to fifty per cent. on same at Uncle Charles' Pawn Shop; No. 6 South Front street; 'Phone 642. ja11-tf

UKULELES! UKULELES! A LARGE supply of these favorite Hawaiian instruments just received. Also Ukulele methods and strings. Yopp and Woody Music Co., 217 North Front street; 'Phone 313. fe13-tf

PIANO BARGAINS — DURING THE week of February 14th we will offer all pianos at a big reduction. Liberal terms. Many styles and makes to select from. Yopp & Woody Music Co., No. 217 North Front street; 'Phone 313. fe13-tf

FOR RENT — LARGE, BRIGHT, WELL furnished room, with modern conveniences, two blocks of Post Office. 216 North Second. 'Phone 773. ja23-tf

Prepare For Prosperity

Have your office quarters suitably arranged, properly located and efficiently systematized to handle your share of the increase in business, which is predicted to reach us in 1916 by America's greatest men.

The new Murchison Building is the hub around which Wilmington's commerce revolves. It is the best locality in which to locate. There is no excuse for not having a modern office, in a model office building, with really good janitor service, heat, light, etc., when you can get all these for forty cents a day and up. Locate in the Murchison, Wilmington's Busy Building. See Manager of Building, in room No. 501.

KODAK

It's the little, intimate, everyday home scenes that make up the home story we would like to keep.

The Kodak will Keep Just that Picture Story for You, and the Taking is Fun.

We carry only the Best, the Genuine Eastman Goods. There's nothing "just as good."

C. W. Yates Co.

COTTON

WE ARE PREPARED TO CONTRACT FOR FALL DELIVERY
COTTON
WITH RESPONSIBLE PARTIES, AT GOOD PRICES.

W. B. Cooper & Co.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Peanuts!
Peanuts!

5,000 Bushels North Carolina Peanuts.
1,500 Bushels Virginia Peanuts.
1,800 Bushels Spanish Peanuts.
500 Bushels Valencia or Red Spanish Peanuts.
125 Tons Nitrate Soda.
150 Tons 7½ per cent Cotton Seed Meal.
300 Tons 16 per cent Acid Phosphate.
Get our prices before buying elsewhere.

D. L. Gore Co.
WHOLESALE GROCERS
Wilmington, N. C.

Meat Crisps

A Concentrated Poultry Feed Made of Select Meat. "For the Hen that Lays the Golden Egg." Write for Prices and Circular.

Love & Woody
Wholesale Grocers.